Sun 12 JUL 2009

Official opening 08:30-09:00

Meeting-room:103-105

Plenary Session: Mr.

Chair: Mr. Guangmei Zheng

Meeting-room:103-105

09:00-10:00

Title:

Symposium: Applying the IUCN Best Practice Guidelines for Gap Analysis into Private and Public Sector

Engagement: Tools, Opportunities and Experiences, 68447

Organised by: Conrad E Savy, Jeffrey A. McNeely

Meeting room:73

IUCN's Best Practice Protected Areas guidelines for gap analysis, based on over 20 years of testing and application in over 170 countries and territories, outline a practical approach to identifying and mapping globally important sites for biodiversity. These sites, known as key biodiversity areas, build upon the work of a number of existing partnership-supported initiatives - such as BirdLife International's Important Bird Areas,

PlantLife International's Important Plant Areas, IUCN's Important Sites for Freshwater Biodiversity and sites

identified by the Alliance for Zero Extinction - to map important sites for a wide range of critical biodiversity in

marine, freshwater and terrestrial biomes. These sites represent priorities for protection at local, national and international levels and are likely to possess significant social, economic or cultural value to local communities.

These factors contribute to a strong foundation and potential for ensuring sustainable management of natural

resources through practices that integrate conservation needs and development priorities. The practical value

of the IUCN best practice guidelines is already reinforced by numerous laws, policies and environmental

safeguards around the criteria for defining critical habitats and important sites for biodiversity conservation.

This symposium will showcase existing experiences, highlight opportunities and present new tools which

support practical decison-making in the public and private sector.

10:30-12:30

Symposium: Wildlife diseases and biodiversity,72279

Organised by: Hongxuan He, Key Lab of Animal Ecology and Conservation Biology, Institute of Zoology,

Chinese Academy of Sciences; Yung-fu Chang, Department of Population Medicine & Diagnostic

Sciences, College of Veterinary Medicine, Cornell University

Meeting room:77

Climate warming can affect biodiversity and increase pathogen development and survival rates, disease

transmission, and host susceptibility. Infectious diseases, especially wildlife borne EIDs, can cause rapid

population declines or species extinctions. Avian influenza is a typical example about EIDs and biodiversity.

HPAI H5N1 viruses can infect over 80 % of known bird species, including migratory and non migratory ones

which would be at risk with members of the crow family and vultures of particular concern. Meanwhile, H5N1

viruses can infect wildlife animals include rabbits, primates, viverrids, mustelids, polecats, stoats, weasels and

wolverines. Infection and spread of avian influenza could break the balance of nature, so as to biological

diversity. The loss of predators from some habitats, victims of the infection, could trigger an explosion of pests

like mice and rats. This may trigger a rise in other human and animal infections as well as damage the

prospects for other wildlife. A healthy environment can act as a buffer against old and the emergence of new

diseases whereas a degraded one favors the spread of infections. In order to cope with outbreak of EIDs

especially wildlife born diseases (Avian Influenza) and protect biodiversity under the global climate changes,

we should cooperate for multilateral concern issue so as to establish early warning system and effective

control about wildlife EID. In this symposium, we will synthesize existing knowledge of threat with wildlife

EIDs and conservation for biological diversity.

10:30-10:45 Hidden threat of leptospirosis: An emerging zoonotic pathogen

Yung-Fu Chang

10:45-11:00 Rabies in the world

Gang Li

11:15-11:30 Wildlife diseases in China

Hongxuan He

11:30-11:45 Spatial transmission and epidemiological dynamics of the novel influenza A(H1N1)

Xinhai Li

11:45-12:00 Prevalence and Molecular Characterization of Cryptosporidium spp. in Wild, Laboratory, and

Pet Rodents in China

Jianhe Hu

12:00-12:15 Congti Tang

12:15-12:30 Discussion

Indigenous knowledge and conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

10:30-10:45 315129 WILDLIFE POACHING, LIVELIHOOD AND CONSERVATION-A CASE STUDY OF GILHARA

TRIBES AT INDO-NEPAL BORDER

Rohit Singh

- 10:45-11:00 315254 USING TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE WITH SCIENCE: VOICES OF THE CARIBOU PEOPLE

 Archana Bali, Gary Kofinas
- 11:00-11:15 315154 USING TRADITIONAL ECOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN AN IN-SITU PHILIPPINE CROCODILE CONSERVATION PROGRAM

Jan van der Ploeg, Merlijn van Weerd

- 11:15-11:30 364703 THE SACRED AND THE SCIENTIFIC: LINKING BIODIVERSITY VALUE WITH CULTURAL VALUE IN SELECTING PRIORITY SITES FOR CONSERVATION

 Naamal Kaushalya De Silva, Matthew N Foster, Amy Upgren, David H Knox
- 11:30-11:45 366531 THE ROLE OF COMMUNITY-BASED NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN SHAPING
 INDIGENOUS WILDLIFE VALUE ORIENTATIONS AND QUALITY OF LIFE IN NAMIBIA
 Harry C Zinn, Alfons Wahabe Mosimane, Duarte Morais
- 11:45-12:00 314513 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF ASIATIC BLACK BEAR AND BEAR-HUMAN CONFLICTS IN SOUTHWESTERN CHINA

Fang Liu, William McShea, David L Garshelis, Xiaojian Zhu, Dajun Wang, Ji'en Gong

- 12:00-12:15 306263 MODELING THE LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY OF INDIGENOUS HUNTING IN MANU

 NATIONAL PARK, PERU: LANDSCAPE-SCALE MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS FOR AMAZONIA

 Taal Levi, Glenn H. Shepard, Julia Ohl-Schacherer, Carlos A. Peres, Douglas W Yu
- 12:15-12:30 315656 NON-USE OF PRIMARY FORESTS FOR MEDICINAL PLANTS BY HIGHLAND MAYA IN CHIAPAS, MEXICO

Conser	vation	capacity	v buil	ding

M	lo	d	eı	ra	to	r	:
---	----	---	----	----	----	---	---

					_	_
ΝЛ	eeti	na-	rn	nm	• 🗴	v
171	CCU	116	10	UIII	.0	u

10:30-10:45 315242 CREATING A CONSERVATION WITH CHINESE CHARACTERISTICS

Jianchu Xu, Robert Edward Grumbine

10:45-11:00 315281 EVALUATING SPECIES THROUGH CAMP AND PHVA WORKSHOPS: CASE STUDY OF NEOTbygROPICAL PRIMATES

Ernesto Rodríguez-Luna, Aralisa Shedden-González, Brenda Solórzano-García

11:00-11:15 315308 STUDY AND CONSERVATION OF BIODIVERSITY IN THE MESOAMERICAN REGION: A STRATEGY FOR UNIVERSITY NETWORK COLLABORATION

Aralisa Shedden-González, Ernesto Rodríguez-Luna, Brenda Solórzano-García

11:15-11:30 365313 PROGRESS TOWARD AN ERA OF EVIDENCE-BASED CONSERVATION

Andrew Pullin

11:30-11:45 367057 THE A.P. LEVENTIS ORNITHOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE: COMBINING SCIENTIFIC

RESEARCH WITH COMMUNITY BASED CONSERVATION

Augustine Ezealor

11:45-12:00 315173 "BUY A FISH, SAVE A TREE", A SUSTAINABLE WILD CAUGHT ORNAMENTAL FISHERY AS

AN ALTERNATIVE STRATEGY TO AMAZON CONSERVATION, RIO NEGRO, BRAZIL

Ning Labbish Chao

12:00-12:15 315152 EVALUATING OUTCOMES FROM CONSERVATION ACTIONS IN THE POLYNESIA-MICRONESIA HOTSPOT

Madeleine Clare Bottrill, Marc Hockings, Hugh P. Possingham

12:15-12:30

Environmental sociology

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

10:30-10:45 314684 CHANGING PLACES: CONSERVATION NGOS AND LOCAL ACTORS IN CHINA'S NEW

NATIONAL PARKS

John Zinda

- 10:45-11:00 367386 CONFLICT OR HARMONY WITH INVASIVE SPECIES:

 EMPIRICAL RESULTS FROM A SURVEY OF INVASION BIOLOGISTS

 Brendon Larson, Ashley Young
- 11:00-11:15 314950 MANAGEMENT OF PROTECTED AREAS AS PUBLIC GOODS: THE

 RESPECTIVE ROLES OF GOVERNMENT AND MARKET

 Wenjun Li, Lynn Huntsinger
- 11:15-11:30 315679 SOCIAL PROCESSES AFFECTING THE INTEGRATION OF

 CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN CAMBODIA

 Kararaina Scally
- 11:30-11:45 315638 THE UNEVEN TRANSNATIONALIZATION AND HYBRIDIZATION OF

 CONSERVATION NETWORKS IN NORTHEAST ASIA

 W. Chad Futrell
- 11:45-12:00 306077 TOWARD IMPROVED COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT IN ACTIONS TO

 REDUCE THE IMPACT OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON THE GREAT BARRIER REEF

 Stephen Sutton, Renae Tobin
- 12:00-12:15 315493 IMPACT OF CONSERVATION POLICY: GRAZING RESTRICTIONS ON
 LIVESTOCK COMPOSITION AND HUSBANDRY PRACTICES IN MADI VALLEY
 WITHIN CHITWAN NATIONAL PARK NEPAL
 Bhim B. Gurung, Kristen C. Nelson, James L. David Smith

12:15-12:30

Desert conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

10:30-10:45 315720 IMPORTANCE OF TERRAIN AND HABITAT PROTECTION FOR

CONSERVATION OF THE STRIPED HYENA (HYAENA HYAENA) IN

HUMAN-DOMINATED LANDSCAPES OF WESTERN INDIA

Priya Singh, Ullas Karanth, Arjun Gopalaswamy

10:45-11:00 308157 RE-INTRODUCTION OF ASIAN HOUBARA BUSTARD IN THE UNITED

ARAB EMIRATES

Pierrick Rautureau, Pierrick Rautureau, Mark Lawrence, Yassir Al Kharousi, Olivier Combreau

11:00-11:15 306199 WLDLIFE RESERVE "BARSAKELMES" IN CONDITIONS OF
ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE IN NORTH ARAL SEA (KAZAKHSTAN)
Roman Jashenko, Irina Jashenko

11:15-11:30 315051 CONNECTIVITY OF THE ASIATIC WILD ASS POPULATION IN THE MONGOLIAN GOBI

Petra Kaczensky, Ralph Kuehn, Badamjav Lhagvasuren, Stephanie Pietsch, Weikang Yang, Chris Walzer

11:30-11:45 315688 ECOLOGY AND CONSERVATION OF SPECTACLED BEARS

(TREMARCTOS ORNATUS) IN LOW-LYING DESERT HABITAT IN

NORTH-WESTERN PERU

Robyn Denise Appleton, Karen Noyce

STUDY UPON CLIMATE CHANGE

11:45-12:00 315431 VEGETATION COVER CLASSIFICATION OPTIMIZED TO DETECT AREAS
AT RISK OF DESERTIFICATION IN WADI ALLAQI BIOSPHERE RESERVE: CASE

Ashraf Hussein Salem

12:00-12:15

12:15-12:30

Mammal conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:112

10:30-10:45 370533 WILDLIFE-LIVESTOCK INTERACTION: COMPETITION, FACILITATION, BOTH OR NEITHER

Khadga Basnet

10:45-11:00 364709 IDENTIFICATION AND EVALUATION OF THE CAPTIVE

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE BEHAVIORS OF GIANT PANDAS

IN BEIJING ZOO

Liu He, Zhang Jingguo, Wu Zhaozheng

11:00-11:15 315158 ATTITUDES TOWARDS STRIPED HYAENA (HYAENA HYAENA
SYRIACA) IN HUMANDOMINATED LANDSCAPES

Mounir R. Abi-Said, Nigel Leader-Williams

11:15-11:30 315202 CONSERVATION OF THE CRITICALLY ENDANGERED BROWN SPIDER

MONKEY (ATELES HYBRIDUS) IN COLOMBIA

Andres Link, A. Gabriela de Luna

11:30-11:45 315518 SOCIAL RELATIONSHIPS AMONG SOLITARY ANIMALS INFLUENCE
TRANSLOCATION SUCCESS: A CASE STUDY WITH THE ENDANGERED
STEPHENS' KANGAROO RAT

Debra M. Shier, Ron Swaisgood

11:45-12:00 315457 ANTHROPOGENIC ALLEE EFFECT THREATENS TROPHY HUNTED

MAMMALS

Lucille Palazy, Christophe Bonenfant, Jean-Michel GAILLARD, Franck
Courchamp

12:00-12:15 320341 COUNTING CRYPTIC CARNIVORES: A COMPARISON OF NOVEL TECHNIQUES FOR MONITORING PREDATORS

Alex Diment

12:15-12:30 365119 THE IMPORTANCE OF LONG TERM RESEARCH FOR CONSERVATION OF THE CRITICALLY ENDANGERED TONKIN SNUB-NOSED MONKEY IN HA GIANG PROVINCE, VIETNAM Quyet Le Khac

Bird conservation

Moderator: Shuping Zhang

Meeting-room:113

10:30-10:45 315104 ABUNDANCE, DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION OF THE

RESTINGA ANTWREN, FORMICIVORA LITTORALIS (AVES: THAMNOPHILIDAE)

Maria Alice S Alves, Mariana Moncassim Vale, Juliana F. Mattos, Maurício

Brandão Vecchi

- 10:45-11:00 367861 AGE-RELATED VARIATIONS IN TIMING, SITE USE, AND RATE OF

 MASS GAIN OF FOUR MIGRATORY SONGBIRD SPECIES AT AN INLAND SITE IN

 Jackson County, Lisa Marie Gardner Barillas, Yong Wang
- 11:00-11:15 319279 CONSERVATION EFFORTS BY DEVELOPING SUSTAINABLE LOCAL

 ECONOMIES AT A RAMSAR SITE IN PAKISTAN

 Zulfigar Ali
- 11:15-11:30 315674 CONSERVATION IN HUMAN-DOMINATED LANDSCAPES:

 RECONCILING AGRICULTURE WITH WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

 Malvika Onial, Ben Phalan, Andrew Balmford, Rhys Green
- 11:30-11:45 329944 THE KITE FLYING FESTIVAL, MAN MADE DISASTERS FOR THE URBAN
 WILDLIFE ESPECIALLY IN THE AVIAN COMMUNITY, CONNECTIONS BETWEEN
 NATURE AND SOCIETY
 Kartik B. Shastri
- 11:45-12:00 329523 CONTRASTING LEVELS OF GENE FLOW IN URBAN AND RURAL TREE

 SPARROW POPULATIONS: IS THERE INFLUENCE OF URBANIZATION?

 Shuping Zhang, Guangmei Zheng
- 12:00-12:15 306781 EFFECTS OF ORGANIC AND SOIL CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT
 ON SPECIALIST BIRD SPECIES
 Ondine Filippi-Codaccioni, Vincent Devictor
- 12:15-12:30 366782 EFFECTS OF WATER ON PATCH-USE BY BIRDS IN A SAVANNAH ECOSYSTEM

Mary Ngozi Molokwu, Jan-Ake Nilsson, Ola Olsson

Symposium:Restoring Przewalski's Horses—Lessons Learned from In-situ and Ex-situ Conservation,66567

Organised by: Peter Leimgruber, Hu Defu, Waltraut Zimmermann

Meeting room:112

In the 1960s Przewalski's horses became extinct in the wild. The only surviving populations were found in western zoos. Through concerted breeding and reintroduction efforts the Przewalski's horse has now become a flagship species for the role of zoos in saving species from the brink of extinction. Zoo breeding efforts continue to ensure maximum genetic diversity in captive populations.

Since the 1990s, reintroduction projects have introduced Przewalski's horses to the wild and to semi-reserves

in Hungary, China, and Mongolia. These restoration projects face the challenge of harmonizing conservation

goals for nature with the needs of local communities and national societies. How can restoration projects

counter the still-existing problems that originally caused the extinctions? How can this species successfully

return to environments also used by local pastoral societies? Given China's active reintroduction program in

Xinjiang, and with most other projects also found in the region, Beijing will be the perfect venue to convene

many interested stakeholders.

The SCB 2009 Beijing meeting theme, "Harmony in Nature and Society", provides an excellent opportunity for

reviewing progress towards restoring one of Asia's most prominent near-extinct species. Our symposium will

synthesize this progress and the challenges faced in the restoration of Przewalski's horses from the

perspectives of different conservation disciplines, including captive management, wildlife biology, reserve

management, history, and anthropology. By sharing lessons learned we will chart future directions for

Przewalski's horse restoration.

14:00-18:30

Symposium: Galliformes-Barometers of the State of Applied Ecology and Wildlife Conservation in Asia,

68378

Organised by: Philip McGowan, Guangmei Zheng

Meeting room:113

The avian Order Galliformes (pheasants, partridges, grouse and relatives) enjoy a high profile in Asian

research, conservation and culture. In China, for example, nearly a quarter of all publications on birds deal

with these species and so they can be seen as embodying the status of the country's research, nowhere more

so than in conservation science and its application to management.

There are two particular reasons why this topic is appropriate for this meeting. First, there is a long

relationship between Galliformes researchers in China and their international counterparts and this is an ideal

opportunity to present some of this work. Second, Galliformes have a very special role in China as they are

important culturally, economically and in ecological research (including as a centre of domestication of the

red junglefowl). The country is central to global efforts to conserve this group (more than 60 species have

been recorded including many endemics) and so it is critical to ensure that the long tradition of research

within the country benefits from, and contributes to, efforts to reduce the overall extinction risk facing this

group (25% of the 290 species are on the IUCN Red List). The symposium will review efforts to conserve this group, with a special focus on China, by examining key issues and presenting case studies. This meeting is an exceptional opportunity to share lessons, take stock and re-assess priorities.

14:00-18:30

Symposium: Conservation Practices in China, 72276

Organised by: Zhi Lu

Meeting room:77

To introduce Conservation Practices in China by 2 panels: 1) species and protected areas; 2) new conservation mechanisms and policies. To let conferees learn the conservation status, available cases and problems faced by China.

14:00-14:05 Introduction

14:05-14:13 THE STATUS OF NATURE RESERVES MANAGED BY STATE FORESTRY ADMINISTRATION IN CHINA Li Zhong

14:13-14:21 ESTABLISHING A SYSTEMATIC AND MULTI-PURPOSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ---A CASE OF WANGLANG RESERVE, CHINA

Chen Youping

14:21-14:29 PROBLEMS, PARCTICES AND PERSPECTIVE OF CETACEAN CONSERVATION IN THE YANGTZE Wang Ding

14:29-14:37 WHEN DO WE CLAIM SUCCESS IN PANDA CONSERVATION IN THE WILD? Wang Hao

15:00-15:08 CONSERVATION LED BY COMMUNITIES: CASE OF CONSERVAGTION INCENTIVE AGREEMENT IN CHINA

Li Shengzhi

15:08-15:16 THE ROLE OF TIBETAN TRADITIONAL CULTURES IN CONSERVATION IN WESTERN CHINA Shen Xiaoli

15:16-15:22 LIFE AND DEATH OF TIBETAN BUNTINGS IN NYANBO YUZE, A SACRED LAND IN QINGHAI Zhaxi Sange

15:22-15:30 MARKET-BASED APPROACH TO FRESHWATER CONSERVATION - PES AVAILBILITY AND PILOT PROJECTS IN CHINA

He Yi

15:30-16:00 Wrap-up

Symposium: Integrated Protection and Restoration of Wetlands, Rivers and Subterranean Aquatic

Ecosystems,66751

Organised by: Eren Turak, Jeanne Nel, Jonathan Higgins, Changqing Yu

Meeting room:73

Water affects every activity and aspiration of human society and sustains all ecosystems. Its wise use is critical

to the sustainable development of emerging economies and the well-being of the poorest sectors of our

society, who depend on the health of natural resources for their livelihoods.

Conservation efforts for different types of freshwater ecosystems, i.e., wetlands, rivers and subterranean

aquatic ecosystems, have generally been poorly coordinated. Mechanisms for determining the conservation

values of different types of freshwater ecosystems, measuring their condition and protecting them have

differed greatly. There has also been little effort to estimate overlap in biodiversity and ecological functions.

Given the high connectedness among different freshwater ecosystem types, the commonality of threats to

their biodiversity and the important ecosystem services they provide, the current approach promotes

inefficiencies in both protective and restorative actions. Without adequate quantitative tools that allow the

benefits of alternative conservation actions to be measured, it is difficult to make best use of available

resources in implementing management actions. This gap also hinders greater integration among freshwater

terrestrial and marine conservation efforts.

Presentations will: demonstrate how different aquatic ecosystems have been incorporated into conservation

plans and actions; explore the applicability of condition measures across ecosystem types; demonstrate how

conservation planning algorithms can be used to integrate different ecosystem types into one conservation

plan; and illustrate management actions directed at different types of aquatic ecosystems simultaneously.

14:00-16:00

Workshop: How a Climate Agreement Can Complement Existing Conservation Law, Restore Ecosystems and

Improve the Economy, 68434

Organised by: John Fitzgerald

Meeting room:87

Wu Wei, the principle of "no unnecessary effort" or economy in action, is a concept with roots in Taoism and

the Tao Te Ching, and also reflected in the classic work, The Art of War (which is in fact advocates preventing war as much as winning it.) Wu Wei has much to teach us about effective conservation and economic policy. We find great potential harmony in allowing nature to help us solve climate change and allowing the natural flow of economics, like water seeking its own level, to help us benefit from climate friendly economy. The final advantage we explore is that these policies help ensure greater compliance with existing legal obligations to conserve biological diversity. A lawyer, economists, biologists, and a geographer will explore these issues together.

14:00-16:00

Social Science

Moderator: Alan Watson

Meeting-room:88

14:00-14:15 314613 COMMUNITY - WILDLIFE INTERACTION AND THEIR LINK TO

CONSERVATION IN VILLAGES NEAR UDZUNGWA MOUNTAINS NATIONAL PARK
IN TANZANIA

Rose Peter Kicheleri, nsajigwa emmanuel Mbije

14:15-14:30 306818 ECOSYSTEM HEALTH IN THE MISSION MOUNTAINS TRIBAL

WILDERNESS: A SOCIAL CHALLENGE

Alan Watson, Roian Matt, Steve Carver

14:30-14:45 315515 GENERATIONAL DIFFERENCES IN THE VALUATION OF BUSHMEAT IN

CONGO AND SOME RESULTING IMPLICATIONS FOR CONSERVATION

Michelle Wieland

14:45-15:00 315496 HEARING VOICES: THE CHALLENGES OF COMMUNITY

PARTICIPATION IN BIODIVERSITY DECISION MAKING, THE CASE STUDY OF CO.

CLARE, IRELAND

Rachel Kavanagh

15:00-15:15 314989 IMPACTS OF A COMMUNITY BASED PAYMENTS FOR

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES PROGRAM ON ILLEGAL FOREST USE BEHAVIOUR IN

MENABE, MADAGASCAR

Matthew M Sommerville, E.J. Milner-Gulland

- **15:15-15:30** 315290 EVIDENCE FOR SHIFTING BASELINE SYNDROME IN CONSERVATION

 Sarah Kate Papworth, E.J. Milner-Gulland
- 15:30-15:45 365286 BOOK LAUNCH "RIGHTS BASED APPROACHES: EXPLORING ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR CONSERVATION

Yani - Saloh, Terry Sunderland

15:45-16:00 366866 PREDICTING PERSONAL NORMS AND BEHAVIORAL INTENTIONS

FOR PROTECTION AND REMOVAL OF NATIVE AQUATIC PLANTS BY MINNESOTA

LAKESHORE PROPERTY OWNERS

Susan A. Schroeder, David Fulton

Environmental geography

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

- **14:00-14:15** 315490 SUSTAINABILITY OF A HUNTING SYSTEM IN NORTHERN CONGO Michael Riddell, Anna Lawrence
- 14:15-14:30 367804 WILDLIFE DECLINE IN CAMBODIA, 1953-2005: EXPLORING THE

 LEGACY OF ARMED CONFLICT

 Colby Loucks, Mike Mascia, Andy Maxwell, Keavuth Huy, Kong Duong, Nareth Chea, Barney

 Long, Nick Cox, Teak Seng
- 14:30-14:45 315596 TOURISM AND FISHERIES: A CASE STUDY FROM MOZAMBIQUE

 Adaoma Wosu
- 14:45-15:00 305152 EXAMINING TREE SPECIES IDENTIFICATION, SPECIES DISTRIBUTION

 PATTERNS, AND HABITAT TYPES USING REMOTE SENSING DATA IN THE

 WESTERN AMAZON

 Ophelia Wang, Kenneth R Young, Rodrigo Sierra
- 15:00-15:15 315099 HUMAN AND ECOLOGICAL RISK FACTORS FOR UNPROVOKED LION
 ATTACKS ON HUMANS IN SOUTHEASTERN TANZANIA
 Hadas Kushnir
- **15:15-15:30** 315582 SMALLHOLDER FOREST CONVERSION AT THE CENTRAL SULAWESI RAINFOREST MARGIN IN INDONESIA AN INSTITUTIONAL AND

DEMOGRAPHIC APPROACH

Sebastian Gerhard Wilhelm Koch, Jan Barkmann, Heiko Faust

15:30-15:45 315625 CAN PALEOENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES HELP CONSERVATION

ECOLOGISTS RESTORE ECOSYSTEMS AND UNDERSTAND ECOLOGICAL

THRESHOLDS?

Marlow Pellatt

15:45-16:00

Speed Setion Population Dynamics and Conservation Genetics

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

Moderator:

Meeting-room:

14:00-14:04 365457 WATERBIRD SURVEY OF THE MIDDLE REACHES OF YELLOW RIVER IN JANUARY 2009

Meng Yang

14:04-14:08 315630 MONITORING GOLDEN EAGLES WITHIN THE PROPOSED WIND ENERGY FACILITY IN NORTHERN BAJA CALIFORNIA, MEXICO

Lisa Nordstrom

14:08-14:12 364878 ADAMAWA TURTLE DOVE (STREPTOPELIA HYPOPYRRHA) HABITAT UTILISATION IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

Ademola Abiola Ajagbe

14:12-14:16 315698 CORRELATES OF EXTINCTION RISK IN BIRDS
Tien Ming Lee

14:16-14:20 315224 A STUDY ON VASCULAR PLANTS IN BAXIANSHAN NATURE RESERVE IN TIANJIN
Li Yong

14:20-14:24 366579 HIGH GENETIC VARIATION AND PHYLOGEOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE OF CARASSIUS AURATUS COMPLEX (CYPRINIDAE) IN EURASIA

Yun Gao, Jing Luo, Shu yan Wang, Yan Li, Ya-Ping Zhang

14:24-14:28 315379 ASSESSMENT OF INVOLVEMENT OF THE LOCAL POPULATION IN A PROCESS OF THE COMMUNITY BASED FORESTRY MANAGEMENT AND SHARING BENEFITS OF JOINT FOREST USE

Ilia Anatolievish Domashov

14:28-14:32 315472 THE DISTRIBUTION OF EPIPHYTIC COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE CANOPY AND EMERGING FROM IT IN TSUGA HETEROPHYLLA TREES OF AN OLD-GROWTH FOREST, WASHINGTON STATE

Kelly Erika Gleason

14:32-14:36 365550 SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT OF FRESHWATER LAKES BY COMMUNAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE LOWER FLOODPLAINS OF THE RIVER NIGER

EnoAbasi Deborah Anwana, Robert A Cheke, Adrienne M Martin

14:36-14:40 315366 EFFECTS OF INTERNATIONAL BORDER INFRASTRUCTURE ON LOCAL WILDLIFE
POPULATIONS: THE CASE OF THE GRASSLANDS ALONG THE US – MEXICO BORDER WALL
Rurik List, Jesús Hermann Pacheco, Gerardo Ceballos González

14:40-14:44 315754 ECOSYSTEM CONSEQUENCES OF DEPLETING OCEANIC APEX PREDATORS

Julia Kathleen Baum

14:44-14:48 365613 MOVEMENTS OF EASTERN PACIFIC GREEN TURTLES NESTING IN NOTHWESTERN COSTA RICA

Gabriela Silvina Blanco, Stephen Morreale, James Robert Spotila, Frank Vincent Paladino

14:48-14:52 307370 IS BYCATCH A BIG PROBLEM FOR SMALL FISH? ASSESSING AND ADDRESSING THE IMPACTS OF TROPICAL SHRIMP TRAWLING ON SMALL FISH SPECIES

Sarah Jane Foster, Amanda CJ Vincent

14:52-14:56

14:56-15:00

15:00-16:00 Interactive Discussion

Symposium:Beyond Ideas: Using the Valuation of Ecosystem Services to Advance Conservation on the Ground, 66781

Organised by: Heather Tallis

Meeting room:73

Global assessments, books, and hundreds of journal articles have discussed how to quantify and value ecosystem services, and suggest that such valuation will advance conservation, possibly in lock step with development goals. Frameworks, conceptual models and guidelines have been developed to help identify

tradeoffs and synergies between biodiversity, ecosystem services and commodity production or development. What happens in reality when these ideas are put into practice? This symposium highlights analyses and synthesis of outcomes from the use of ecosystem service valuation as a key conservation strategy. The focus is on conservation outcomes on the ground as opposed to methods or assessments. We demonstrate the use of ecosystem service valuation to create change in conservation planning, private land management, regulatory permitting, oil palm management and the design of water fund programs, among other applications. We also highlight how the strategy of ecosystem service valuation can best be delivered to the public and decision-makers so that land use and management decision are altered. This symposium directly addresses the conference theme, Harmony for Nature and Society, by providing some of the first examples of how we can actually achieve the alignment of these two systems that are often placed at odds under the current methods of decision making. We demonstrate a practical, transferable tool that can be used around the globe to take concrete steps towards a sustainable society.

- **16:30-16:45** Mapping Ecosystem Services and Poverty in the Amazon Basin Heather Tallis
- 16:45-17:00 Conservation and Development Are Compatible Goals: Evidence from the World Bank, The

 Nature Conservancy and World Wildlife Fund

 Susan Ruffo
- **17:00-17:15** Regional Climate Change Impacts on Ecosystem Service Provision

 Peter Kareiva

Wang Yukuan

- **17:15-17:30** Ecosystem Service and Biodiversity Consequences of Future Global Food Security Erik Nelson
- 17:30-17:45 Multi-scale Ecosystem Service Valuation in Integrated Large River Basin Management: Decisions in the Upper Yangtze Basin
- 17:45-18:00 Making Ecosystem Services Mainstream for Private Landowners: Insights from Hawai'i

 Gretchen Daily
- **18:00-18:15** Implementing Regional Ecosystem Based Management in the Puget Sound Ecosystem Juliann Aukema
- **18:15-18:30** Intelligent Design of Water Fund Programs: New successes in Ecuador and Colombia Alejandro Calvache

Symposium: Asian Elephants in Fragmented Landscapes: Conflict or Conservation or Both? 66328

Organised by: Raman Sukumar, Aster Li Zhang, Prithiviraj Fernando

Meeting room:77

The Asian elephant (Elephas maximus) is often projected as a powerful flagship for the conservation of biodiversity in South and Southeast Asia. There are less than 50,000 Asian elephants left in the wild. On the basis of continued loss of habitat and regional reductions in population numbers, the Asian elephant is listed as Threatened in the IUCN Red List.

Most biologists and conservationists realize that the continued loss and fragmentation of habitat accompanied by increased elephant-human conflicts poses a significant threat to the survival of the elephant in Asia. Several studies of elephant-human conflict across the Asian range states are investigating the proximate environmental factors (e.g. landuse and vegetation patterns in the landscape) as well as ecological and behavioural factors (e.g. foraging strategies in relation to seasonal movement patterns) that correlate with elephant intrusions into crop fields and human settlements. Studies have also been evaluating the relative success of various methods (from noise making devices to electric fencing, chili-based deterrents and tracking "problem individuals") being used by governments and local communities to manage conflict.

China has a small elephant population in conflict with human interests. A symposium that brings together studies from various parts of the elephant's range in Asia to share experiences and lessons in management of conflict would be very appropriate to the SCB's theme of "Conservation: Harmony for Nature and Society".

16:30-16:45 TOO MANY PEOPLE OR TOO MANY ELEPHANTS—HABITAT SELECTION AND HUMAN IMPACTS

ON ASIAN ELEPHANT(ELEPHAS MAXIMUS) IN NANGUNHE NATIONAL NATURE RESERVE,

YUNNAN OF CHINA

Li Zhang, Limin Feng, Zhisheng Wang, Liu Lin, Shaobing Yang, Bing Zhou, Chunhua Li, Youming Xiong

16:45-17:00 UNEASY NEIGHBOURS: PROMOTING HUMAN-ELEPHANT COEXISTENCE IN A FRAGMENTED ALTERED LANDSCAPE OFTHE ANAMALAI HILLS, INDIA

17:00-17:15 ELEPHANT MANAGEMENT IN SRI LANKA: HIGH DENSITIES OF ELEPHANTS AMONG HIGH

DENSITIES OF PEOPLE

Prithiviraj Fernando, Sarath R. B. Dissanayake, Jennifer Pastorini

Anand Kumar

- 17:15-17:30 REDUCING HUMAN-ELEPHANT CONFLICT: THE NEED FOR EVIDENCE-BASED APPROACHES

 Simon Hedges, Donny Gunaryadi
- 17:30-17:45 HUMAN AND ELEPHANT CONFLICT THE EFFECTS OF FOREST LOSS AND FOREST FRAGMENTATION IN SABAH(NORTH BORNEO)

 Raymond Alfred
- 17:45-18:00 THE ELEPHANT IN YOUR COFFEE CUP

 Amirtharaj Christy Williams, Elisabet Purastuti, Nurchalis Faldhi
- 18:00-18:15 TRACKING ELEPHANTS AND THEIR CONFLICTS WITH HUMANS IN THE FRAGMENTED

 LANDSCAPE OF NORTHERN WEST BENGAL, INDIA

 Raman Sukumar, Mukti Roy, Sumanta Kundu, Anisha Thapa, Baskaran N
- 18:15-18:30 ELEPHANTS FACILITATE PLANT INVASION DISPERSING MORE SEEDS, AND FARTHER AWAY, THAN SYMPATRIC MAMMALS IN SRI LANKA

 Ahimsa Campos-Arceiz, Sampath K. K. Ekanayaka, Asier R. Larrinaga, Prithiviraj Fernando, Luis Santamaria

Sustainable agriculture

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

- 16:30-16:45 315382 R APD AND SSR FINGERPRINTING IN WILD TRITICUM

 BOEOTICUM AND TRITICUM URARTU ACCESSIONS

 Nelli A. Hovhannisyan, Ehsan M. Dulloo, Aleksandr H. Yesayan, Armen M. Danielian
- 16:45-17:00 315336 A LAND USE APPROACH TO MITIGATING HUMAN ELEPHANT

 CONFLICTS: RECONCILING AGRICULTURE AND ELEPHANT CONSERVATION

 Rayi Corea
- 17:00-17:15 315449 EFFECTS OF HABITAT ISOLATION ON FLOWER-VISITING BEE AT THE
 SOUTHERN MARGIN OF HALIMUN MOUNTAIN, INDONESIA
 Bandung Sahari, Damayanti Buchori, Akhmad Rizali
- 17:15-17:30 329586 RURAL LABOR MIGRATION, LIVELIHOODS, COMMUNITIES, AND THE RURAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION IN CHONGQING, SOUTHWEST CHINA Hua Qin, Courtney G. Flint

17:30-17:45 319287 MAJOR POLICY ISSUES FOR CONSERVATION BIOLOGY IN ASIA

Jeffrey A. McNeely

17:45-18:00 315555 ROLE OF LOCAL WOMEN-GROUPS IN PROMOTING

COMMUNITY-BASED CONSERVATION IN KENYA

Esther Bosibori Omosa, PATRICK Munyao Maundu

18:00-18:15

18:15-18:30

Plant conservation

Moderator: Denis Sandanov

Meeting-room:88

16:30-16:45 315662 ASSESSING THE GRAZING IMPACT OF YAKS AND COWS ON ALPINE

RANGELANDS IN SOUTHWEST CHINA

Michelle A Haynes, Donald M Waller

16:45-17:00

17:00-17:15 305936 PLANT CONSERVATION: POLITICAL HARMONY FOR NATURE AND

SOCIETY

Ablala Alatise

17:15-17:30 319286 PLANT CONSERVATION AT RIVER SIDE FOR PROTECTION SOIL AT

NORTH IRAN

Ghassem Habibi Bibalani

17:30-17:45 314480 CONDITION OF POPULATIONS OF RARE ENDEMIC PLANTS OF LAKE

BAIKAL AND WAYS OF THEIR CONSERVATION

Denis Sandanov

17:45-18:00 318032 CONSERVATION OF ENDEMIC PLANTS OF PAKISTAN: A CASE STUDY

OF 9 TAXA FROM CHITRAL VALLEY

Haidar Ali, Muhammad Qaiser

18:00-18:15 306703 LAND USE IMPACT ON TAMARIND (TAMARINDUS INDICA L.)

POPULATIONS' CONSERVATION STATUS IN BENIN

Climate change

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

- 16:30-16:45 315441 PROCESS-BASED DEMOGRAPHIC MODELS FOR THE RANGE
 DYNAMICS OF PLANTS SPECIES: MODEL FITTING AND APPLICATIONS
 Juliano Sarmento Cabral, Frank Schurr
- 16:45-17:00 304547 ESTIMATION OF CARBON RESERVES IN THE FORESTS OF

 SUB-HIMALAYAN WEST BENGAL

 Animesh Sarkar
- 17:00-17:15 305396 HOST FEEDING PATTERN, AVIAN MALARIA DYNAMICS AND

 DIVERSITY OF THE RAINFOREST MOSQUITOES IN CAMEROON

 Kevin Yana Njabo, Anthony J Cornel, Ravinder N.M Sehgal, Claire Cloiseau, Wolfgang

 Buermann, Gediminas Valkiūnas, Thomas B Smith
- 17:15-17:30 369520 LOCAL KNOWLEDGE ABOUT CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE HIMALAYAS

 Pashupati Chaudhary, Suresh Kumah Raina, Kamal Bawa
- 17:30-17:45 315543 RESISTANCE, RESILIENCE OR TRANSFORMATION? TARGETING

 ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT STATEGIES UNDER CLIMATE CHANGE

 David Hole, Brian Huntley, Steve Willis, Stuart Butchart, Deborah Pain
- 17:45-18:00 314804 A FRAMEWORK FOR ASSESSING ECOSYSTEM VULNERABILITY TO
 GLOBAL CHANGE: A CASE STUDY OF CLIMATE AND LAND-USE INTERACTIONS
 IN THE HENGDUAN MOUNTAINS, CHINA
 Benjamin Poulter, Niklaus E Zimmermann, Dominique Bachelet, Barry Baker, Heike
 Lischke
- 18:00-18:15 315148 PEOPLE ADAPTING TO INUNDATION OF ISLANDS A CASE STUDY IN WEST BENGAL ,INDIA

Raiarshi Banerji, Indrila Guha

Speed Setion Protected area planning and design and Conservation capacity building

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

16:30-16:34 314963 RESEARCH ON MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS AND COUNTERMEASURES OF NATURE RESERVES IN CHINA

Zhiyun Ouyang, jia quan, weihua xu, Hong Miao

16:34-16:38 306706 BARRIERS FOR ACHIEVING SUSTAINABLE FINANCING IN PROTECTED AREAS: FROM THE CONVENTION ON BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY TO SITE SITUATIONS

16:38-16:42 305165 CONSERVATION THROUGH RESERVE FOREST FORMATION AND PEOPLE'S PARTICIPATION IN RAJASTHAN, INDIA

PARUL GUPTA

Maria Jose del Valle Pacha

16:42-16:46 315539 DOES "CRITICAL TIGER HABITAT" REFER TO ITS IMPORTANCE OR ITS CURRENT STATE?

REALITY BEYOND CLASSIFICATION

Alison Wadmore, E.J. Milner-Gulland, Bill Sheate

- **16:46-16:50** 315699 MOTIVES FOR ACTORS IN WILDLIFE MEAT TRADE, CAMEROON, CENTRAL AFRICA Shannon Randolph
- 16:50-16:54 368070 CREATION OF PROTECTED AREAS AS A MECHANISM FOR INFLUENCING LAND USE DYNAMICS IN THE BRAZILIAN CERRADO

 Ricardo Machado, Mário Barroso Ramos Neto, Aline Tristão Bernardes, Felipe Mendonça, Cristiano Campos Nogueira, Rafael Luis Fonseca, Roberto Cavalcanti
- **16:54-16:58** 315516 DEFINING A "FOREST": THE POLICY IMPLICATIONS

 Kent H. Redford, Francis Putz
- 16:58-17:02 315462 HOW TO MEET THE CHALLENGE OF CONSERVATION AND WOOD PRODUCTION? QUANTIFYING IMPACTS OF DIFFERENT FORESTRY PRACTICES ON BIRDS, BATS AND BUSH-CRICKETS

Yves Bas, Christian Kerbiriou, Jean-François Julien, Jiguet Frédéric

17:02-17:06 304431 THE CIRCUMPOLAR ARCTIC AS ONE PROTECTED PARK: AN UPDATE OF A CRISIS SITUATION

Falk Huettmann

- 17:06-17:10 315233 IMPORTANCE OF NETWORKING IN KNOWLEDGE SHARING AND ENVIRONNEMENTAL EDUCATION FOR ENHANCING CONSERVATION ACTORS COMMITMENT Solofoniaina Nandrianina RALAIMIHOATRA
- 17:10-17:14 315438 CONSERVATION VOLUNTEERS: CAN ANYONE MAKE A DIFFERENCE?

 Diogo Gaspar Verissimo, Rebeca Chaverri, David Jones
- 17:14-17:18 364984 MAKING GOOD COMPROMISES IN IMPLEMENTING WILDLIFE CORRIDOR DESIGNS
 Paul Beier, Jeffrey Jenness
- 17:18-17:22 304727 ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION AND ENDANGERED SPECIES IN CHINA Jerry A. McBeath, Jenifer Huang McBeath
- 17:22-17:26 315689 ROLES OF COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN THE BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR DESIGNING
 AND CONSTRUCTING FOR ASIAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION
 Zhao-lu WU, Zheng-ling LI
- **17:26-17:30** 315263 SHOULD CHINA PLACE A HIGHER VALUE ON NATURALNESS?

 John Fellowes
- 17:30-18:30 Interactive Discussion

Mon 13 JUL 2009

Plenary Session: Mr. Fuwen Wei, Key Lab of Animal Ecology and Conservation Biology, Institute of Zoology,

Chinese Academy of Sciences

Chair: Mr.

Meeting-room:103-105

08:30-09:30

Title: Giant Panda: the evolutionary dead-end?

The giant panda (Ailuropoda melanoleuca) is a flagship species of animal conservation and one of the most

enigmatic creatures in the world, but is currently threatened by habitat loss, fragmentation, and human

persecution. Previous researches in past century indicated that its long history of evolution, dietary

specialization, habitat isolation, reproductive constraints and low diversity shown by some genetic markers

have led to a perception that this is a species at an "evolutionary dead-end" destined for deterministic

extinction in the modern world.

In this talk, I will examine this perception, based on our researches conducted in the past 25 years, by a

comprehensive investigation of its evolutionary adaptation to special food, reproductive success, population

trends, genetic diversity, and demographic history across its geographic range. In the end, we found most

previous reasons for 'dead-ends' perception of the giant panda were actually deducted from relatively

unsystematic studies, and more and more recent data suggest that the panda is not a species at an

evolutionary dead-end, but in common with other large carnivores, has suffered demographically at the

hands of human pressure. Conservation strategies should therefore focus on protection of wild habitat and

the maintenance of the currently substantial regional genetic diversity, through active management of

disconnected small populations such as translocation/reintroduction, habitat restoration and habitat corridor

establishment.

Symposium: Cranes, Communities and Conservation: A Charismatic Bird Inspires Wetland Conservation

Across Eastern Asia,68485

Organised by: ames Harris, John Barzen, Fengshan Li, James Burnham

Meeting room:73

For 25 years the International Crane Foundation (ICF) has been active in East Asia identifying, studying and

protecting the ecosystems that cranes and other water bird species utilize. Fundamental to ICF's mission of protecting the wetland and grassland systems that cranes need is the explicit acknowledgement that local human communities also depend on these ecosystems. By addressing the needs of human communities and applying sound scientific research, ICF contributes to conserving ecosystem function for a variety of users. While there is no magic formula that can be applied to the varying ecosystems or socio-political structures within East Asia, ICF has initiated and maintained projects tailored to conservation issues throughout the region. This symposium will illustrate the methods that ICF employs to address threats to wetland and grassland systems across eastern Asia. Eight speakers will use current ICF projects to illustrate these efforts; including micro-lending programs in southwestern China, community enterprise developments in Vietnam, educational efforts in China and Russia, understanding how waterbirds utilize landscapes in southeastern China, nature reserve management in eastern Russia and engaging policy makers in northeastern China to alter water-management practices. Although these projects all differ in the issues they address and in their objectives, they all seek similar outcomes: to find the common denominator between human and waterbird communities through the systems they share and ensure these ecosystems continue to function for a variety of users.

10:00-10:15 Community Trust Funds and Farmer Leadership in Integrating Community Development with

Wetland Conservation at at China's Cao Hai National Nature Reserve

Fengshan Li, LIU WEN, Song Haokun

10:15-10:30 Facilitating Community-based Enterprises and the Benefits for Conservation at Vietnam's Phu
My Protected Area

TRAN TRIET ,Jeb Barzen

10:30-10:45 A Flyway Approach to Education Based on Local Perspectives on Resource Needs and Protection

ZHANG JUAN, Han Jing, Sara Moore, Joan Garland

10:45-11:00 Incorporating Local Communities into Management of Muraviovka Park: a private approach to protected area strategies in Russia
SERGEI SMIRENSKI , Marina Kolodina, James Harris

11:00-11:15 Changing Water Policies for Protected Wetlands in Northeastern China: Tools, Techniques and Outcomes

LIYING SU , James Harris, Tong Shouzheng

11:15-11:30 Long-term environmental monitoring at Poyang Lake Nature Reserve and its role in regional

decision making

JAMES BURNHAM, Jeb Barzen, Zeng Nan Jing, Wu Jian Dong

11:30-11:45 Twenty-five Years Experience with Cranes as a Flagship for Wetlands Conservation and

Community Involvement in eastern Asia: Lessons, Limits, and Next Steps

Jeb Barzen , JAMES HARRIS

Symposium: Drivers of the 21st Century Global Wildlife Trade: Key Challenges and Opportunities for

Sustainability,68382

Organised by: Julia Baum, Jedediah Brodie

Meeting room:87

The global wildlife trade provides livelihoods for millions of people, and is an important source of food,

medicine, and ornamentals in markets around the world. It is also one of the main drivers of biodiversity loss,

endangering many wild populations and facilitating the introduction of diseases and invasive species into new

regions. Trade is currently estimated at US\$5-20 billion, much of which is illegal, and it is rapidly growing. The

goals of this symposium are to first synthesize current drivers of wildlife trade into a global framework, and

second to develop strategies to mitigate the impacts on wild populations. Drawing on research across taxa

and ecosystems, talks within the first session will assess the disparate global drivers of the trade, factors likely

to affect trade in the coming decades, and compare subsistence versus luxury markets as well as local versus

global markets. The second half of the symposium will focus on finding solutions to ensure that wildlife trade

is sustainable, including global monitoring efforts, regulatory mechanisms, market-based solutions, and

public-awareness campaigns. We will challenge speakers to be creative and to assess novel ideas for

improving the wildlife trade. By understanding the global scope of the issue and commonalities across nations

and continents, we will attempt to forge solutions that benefit both human livelihoods and wildlife

populations. East Asia is a wildlife trade hotspot, making this symposium timely for this venue.

10:00-12:00

Symposium: Integrated Protection and Restoration of Wetlands, Rivers and Subterranean Aquatic

Ecosystems,66751

Organised by: Eren Turak, Jeanne Nel, Jonathan Higgins, Changqing Yu

Meeting room:77

Landscape ecology

Moderator: Jonathan Roger Rhodes

Meeting-room:88

- 10:00-10:15 365329 ASSESSING THE POPULATION STATUS AND MANAGEMENT OF
 TIGERS IN THE BATANG HARI LANDSCAPE, WEST SUMATRA, INDONESIA
 Yoan Dinata, Jito Sugardjito, Matthew Linkie
- 10:15-10:30 366405 FINDING HARMONY BETWEEN GRIZZLY BEARS AND HUMANS

 USING ACCESS MANAGEMENT

 Mark S. Boyce, Cheryl-Lesley Chetkiewicz, Bogdan Cristescu, Scott E. Nielsen,

 Joseph M. Northrup, Carrie Roever, Gordon B. Stenhouse
- 10:30-10:45 315320 ARE THRESHOLD ESTIMATES USEFUL FOR SETTING CONSERVATION PLANNING TARGETS?

Jonathan Roger Rhodes, Clive A McAlpine

- 10:45-11:00 306089 DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION STATUS OF RED PANDA

 (AILURUS FULGENS) IN RARA NATIONAL PARK, NEPAL

 Hari prasad Sharma
- 11:00-11:15 320208 THE MULTI-SCALE ECOLOGICAL IMPACTS OF THE ROAD NETWORKS
 IN LONGTITUDINAL RANGE-GORGE REGION OF YUNNAN PROVINCE, CHINA
 Li Xiaowen
- 11:15-11:30 315641 CONSERVING LARGE-SCALE POPULATION DYNAMICS: MERGING

 GENETIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC DATA TO UNDERSTAND SPATIAL SYNCHRONY IN

 SNOWSHOE HARES

Ellen Cheng, L. Scott Mills, Karen E. Hodges

- 11:30-11:45 366419 ELK TRANSLOCATIONS INTO RISKY LANDSCAPES: WHAT MATTERS

 FOR RETENTION AND SURVIVAL?

 Jacqueline L. Frair, Evelyn H. Merrill, Mark S. Boyce, James R. Allen
- 11:45-12:00 366457 HABITAT CHARACTERISTICS AND STATUS OF TWO WILDLIFE

 CORRIDORS FOR TIGER CONSERVATION IN TERAI ARC LANDSCAPE, INDIA

 Meraj Anwar, Surendra P. Goyal, Qamar Qureshi

Communications, outreach and education

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

10:00-10:15 315513 INSPIRING A CONSERVATION AND STEWARDSHIP ETHIC IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CHILDREN

Harriet Rankin Huber, Lisa Hiruki-Raring

10:15-10:30 365891 UNDERSTANDING THE CONSERVATION OF LAKESHORE BUFFERS IN MINNESOTA, USA

Edgar Atwood Rudberg, David Fulton

Caroline Howe, E.J. Milner-Gulland

Anirban Dutta Gupta

Pramod Padmanabhan Nair

10:30-10:45 329227 PROMOTING PROTECTION THROUGH PRIDE Shiyang LI

10:45-11:00 315403 EVALUATION OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF EDUCATION AS A TOOL FOR ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

11:00-11:15 315067 ARENAS PROJECT: SCHOOLTEACHERS AND SCIENTISTS' ROLES FOR ATTITUDE CHANGES IN COASTAL COMMUNITIES

Mariana Rios, Micaela Trimble, María Szephegyi, Cecilia Passadore, Mariana Nin, Paula Laporta, César Fagúndez, Elena Castiñeira

11:15-11:30 315210 FROM THE ONGE TRIBAL'S TO THE LESSER FLORICAN: ROLE OF

COMMUNICATION DESIGN FOR CONSERVATION OF CULTURES, KNOWLEDGE

SYSTEMS AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

11:30-11:45 315283 CONSERVATION EDUCATION FOR BIODIVERSITY PRESERVATION AT

THE CHENGDU RESEARCH BASE OF GIANT PANDA BREEDING, SICHUAN

PROVINCE, CHINA

Sarah Marie Bexell, Zhang Zhihe, Zhang Anju, Fei Lisong, Wu Xianzhi, Xu Ping, Feng Ruixi, Tang Yafe

11:45-12:00 320182 POTENTIAL OF PEOPLE'S BIODIVERSITY REGISTERS FOR THE CONSERVATION EDUCATION & ACTION

Conservation genetics

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

10:00-10:15 315481 ACCURACY, PRECISION, AND COST-EFFECTIVENESS OF

CONVENTIONAL DUNG COUNT BASED AND NONINVASIVE GENETIC METHODS

TO ESTIMATE ELEPHANT POPULATION SIZE

Simon Hedges, Lori Eggert, Arlyne Johnson, Marissa Ahlering, Martin Tyson

- 10:15-10:30 309072 DEMOGRAPHY AND GENETICS OF REINTRODUCED PLANT
 POPULATIONS: A CASE STUDY OF ARENARIA GRANDIFLORA L., AN
 ENDANGERED SPECIES IN THE LOWLANDS OF FRANCE.

 Monika Zavodna, Nathalie Machon
- 10:30-10:45 314852 EFFECTS OF GROWTH HORMONES, ROOTING MEDIA AND LEAF SIZE

 ON JUVENILE STEM CUTTINGS OF BUCHHOLZIA CORIACEA

 Adejoke Olukemi Akinyele
- 10:45-11:00 315485 EVALUATION OF NON-INVASIVE GENETIC SAMPLING METHODS FOR

 ESTIMATING TIGER POPULATION SIZE

 Samrat Mondol
- 11:00-11:15 366627 GENETIC DISTINCTIVENESS AND DECLINE OF A SMALL POPULATION

 OF HUMPBACK WHALES (MEGAPTERA NOVAEANGLIAE) IN THE ARABIAN SEA

 Cristina Pomilla, Tim Collins, Gianna Minton, Ken P. Findlay, Matthew S. Leslie,

 Louisa Ponnampalam, Howard C. Rosenbaum, Robert Baldwin
- 11:15-11:30 315549 THE ILLEGAL IVORY TRADE AND ORGANIZED CRIME: WHAT WAS CITES THINKING?
 - Samuel K Wasser, Celia Mailand, Cathy C Laurie, William Joseph Clark
- 11:30-11:45 315578 BEHAVIORAL CORRELATES OF LOW RELATEDNESS IN AFRICAN ELEPHANT GROUPS IN A POACHED POPULATION

 Kathleen Schuyler Gobush, Samuel K Wasser
- 11:45-12:00 315418 GENETIC VARIABILITY OF KELP GULL IN THE BRAZILIAN COAST AND ITS CONSEQUENCE FOR SEABIRDS CONSERVATION

Gisele Pires de Mendonça Dantas, Fernanda Almeida Santos, Joao Stenghel Morgante, Nuno Ferrand, Raquel Godinho

Mammal conservation

Moderator: Shu-Jin Luo

Meeting-room:112

10:00-10:15 366711 SOME CONSIDERATIONS ABOUT PORPOISE-WATCHING IN POYANG LAKE, CHINA

Kexiong Wang, Ding Wang, Songhai Li, Xiujiang Zhao, Xinqiao Zhang

10:15-10:30 306790 A CAUSE FOR OPTIMISM: THE POTENTIAL CONTRIBUTION OF

SELECTIVELY LOGGED FORESTS FOR TIGER CONSERVATION IN MALAYSIA

Mark Rayan Darmaraj

10:30-10:45 315340 DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION STATUS OF MARSH DEER

(BLASTOCERUS DICHOTOMUS) ON POOR KNOWN WETLANDS OF

PARAGUAY-PARANA RIVER BASIN, ARGENTINA

Bernardo Lartigau, Pablo Herrera, Santiago Dalessio, Leandro Antoniazzi, Hector Ball, Daniela
Cano, Horacio Cardozo, Patricio Cowper Coles, Alejandro Di Giacomo, María Ayelen Eberhardt,

10:45-11:00 377879 MULTIPLE GENEALOGIES REVEAL SIGNIFICANT
INDOCHINESE-SUNDAIC FAUNAL TRANSITION AT THE ISTHMUS OF KRA:
EVIDENCE FROM SIX ASIAN FELID SPECIES

Carlos Figuerero, Natalia Meyer, Anibal Parera, Gabriela Ramirez

Shu-Jin Luo

11:00-11:15 314935 FAILURE OF DISEASE SUPPRESSION VIA REMOVAL OF INFECTED INDIVIDUALS TO CONTROL DEVIL FACIAL TUMOUR DISEASE IN A TASMANIAN DEVIL POPULATION

Shelly Lachish, Hamish McCallum, Dydee Mann, Chrissy Pukk, Menna E. Jones

11:15-11:30 366216 HIGH-LEVEL MAMMALIAN PHYLOGENOMICS BENEFIT FROM

NUCLEAR INTRONS: INTERFAMILIAL RELATIONSHIPS WITHIN CANIFORMIA

(ORDER CARNIVORA) AS A CASE STUDY

Li Yu, Ya-Ping Zhang, Peng-tao Luan

11:30-11:45 320346 HUMAN-BEAR CONFLICT: A REVIEW OF CONCEPTS AND GLOBAL

TRENDS

Neil Clive D'Cruze, Ozgun Emre Can, John Beecham, Iris Mazurek

11:45-12:00 306636 WINTER HABITAT SELECTION BY MACACA MULATTA IN A TEMPERATE FOREST, JIYUAN, CHINA LU Ji-Qi, XIE Dong-Ming, GUO Xiang-Bao, LÜ Jiu-Quan

Bird conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room: 113

10:00-10:15 310302 ENHANCING POPULATION MONITORING THROUGH INTEGRATED **MODELING**

justine sulawa, jean-dominique lebreton, oliver krone

10:15-10:30 306596 GENETIC DIVERSITY AND MATING SYSTEM OF AN INTRODUCED ISLAND POPULATION OF NORTH ISLAND BROWN KIWI (APTERYX MANTELLI) Birgit Ziesemann, Dianne Brunton

10:30-10:45 365076 IMPORTANCE OF APPROPRIATE SPATIAL RESOLUTION WHEN TRACKING FOR CONSERVATION

Tiana Jayne Preston, Andre Chiaradia, Richard Reina

10:45-11:00 315694 UNRAVELING DISTRIBUTIONAL PATTERNS OF THE WORLD'S MOST REMOTE FLAMINGOS

Maria Adela Davison, Mery Sonia Villalobos, Carmen Quiroga

11:00-11:15 315309 TRANSHEMISPHERIC IMPACTS ON SHOREBIRD POPULATIONS OF THE SAEMANGEUM TIDAL RECLAMATION IN SOUTH KOREA Danny Rogers, Moores Nial, Phil Battley, Chris Hassell, Ken Gosbell

11:15-11:30 366284 THE PERILS OF YOUTH: FACTORS AFFECTING PIPING PLOVER CHICK SURVIVAL IN THE NORTH AMERICAN GREAT LAKES

Lauren J Brudney, Todd Arnold, Francesca Cuthbert

11:30-11:45 305511 THE DAMAGE OF AVIAN IN "SNOW DISASTER 2008" IN NANLING MTS., GUANGDONG, CHINA

Jianxin Zhang

11:45-12:00 305166 HOPE FOR THREATENED TROPICAL FOREST PREDATORS: LESSONS

FROM THE PHILIPPINE EAGLE CONSERVATION PROGRAM

Jayson Carungay Ibanez, Dennis Salvador, Angelito Cereno, Anna Mae Sumaya, Elsa

Delima

Symposium: Conservation Science for Giant Pandas and Their Habitat, 68030

Organised by: Ron Swaisgood, Fuwen Wei, Andy Kouba

Meeting room:112

The giant panda is considered a national treasure of China and an icon of conservation globally. If there is one

species with which the Chinese are struggling to live in harmony, that species is the giant panda. The focus of

the symposium is the identification of key ecological factors that influence giant panda populations and how

human activities may impact these factors for good or for ill. Giant panda habitat is also among the most

biodiverse in temperate ecosystems, making the more than 60 established panda reserves a case study of

umbrella species protection for other fauna and flora. Most of these reserves have been established in the

past decade and they are in need of conservation management strategies founded on sound science.

A significant expansion in fieldwork on giant pandas is underway and new information is emerging on critical

limiting resources, landscape ecology, population ecology, movement patterns, nutritional ecology, and

human-panda conflict over resources. For the foreseeable future panda conservation strategies will be

implemented against a backdrop of changing scientific understanding of the species. If the Chinese people are

to live in harmony with pandas and their habitat, reserve managers and government agencies will need

access to the most recent scientific information and rural communities will have to be engaged in the

conservation process.

14:00-18:30

Symposium: The Asian Primate Crisis: Priorities and Actions, 68294

Organised by: Yongcheng Long

Meeting room:113

Primates represent the third most diverse order of living mammals after Rodentia and Chiroptera, with 634

recognized taxa. They are also one of the most threatened, with 48% of taxa threatened globally. Asian

primate species constitute 1/5th of the total primate species of the world and according to the latest red list

assessment, with 71% of them are considered threatened.

Presentations in the symposium "The Asian Primate Crisis: Priorities and Actions" address these issues of

profile, policy and practice as well as the technical underpinning of conservation biology which allows an understanding of the dimensions of the crisis. With presentations addressing issues such as human-primate conflict, communities and conservation, and the issues involved with legislating and enforcing relationships between primates and humans, this symposia highlights the need for primates and humans to live in harmony. We have not yet lost a primate species in the 20th or 21st centuries. Only with a holistic approach and deep understanding of the relationships between human actions and their impacts on primates can we ensure that this does not occur in the future.

14:00-18:30

Student Award Session:

Moderator: Jon Paul Rodriguez, Instituto Venezolano de Investigaciones Científicas

Meeting room:73

14:00-18:30

14:00-14:15 314589 THE SHRINKING ARK: LARGE MAMMAL EXTINCTIONS IN INDIA

Krithi K Karanth

14:15-14:30 314619 LARGE VERTEBRATE POPULATION DECLINES IN AFRICA'S PROTECTED AREAS lan Craigie

14:30-14:45 366635 EFFECTS OF URBANIZATION ON HOST-SPECIFIC WEEVIL SPECIES (COLEOPTERA:

CURCULIONOIDEA) IN BEIJING

 ${\bf Dingcheng\ HuangZhimin\ SuRunzhi\ Zhang}$

14:45-15:00 314997 ENSEMBLE MODELS PREDICT IMPORTANT BIRD AREAS TO BE LESS EFFECTIVE FOR CONSERVING ENDEMIC BIRDS UNDER CLIMATE CHANGE

15:00-15:15 315092 PREDICTING POPULATION RESPONSE TO CHANGING LAND-USE: DO GENERAL RULES IN LANDSCAPE ECOLOGY WORK?

Danielle Shanahan, Hugh P. Possingham

15:15-15:30 315335 ASSESSING THE IMPACT OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON BIRDS OF CONSERVATION CONCERN IN COLOMBIA

Jorge I Velasquez-Tibata, Catherine H. Graham, Paul G.W. Salaman

15:30-16:00 DSA Award winner

Bernard Coetzee

Moderator: Alan Thornhill, SCB Executive Director

16:30-16:45 315670 USING INVASIVE SNAILS AS BIOCONTROL AGENTS: GUARDIANS OF HUMAN HEALTH OR THREAT TO NUTRIENT CYCLING IN TROPICAL STREAMS?

Jennifer M Moslemi, Sunny B. Snider, Alex S Flecker, James F Gilliam

16:45-17:00 315347 PRIORITIZING INVESTMENTS IN ISLAND CONSERVATION USING GLOBAL DATA ON BIODIVERSITY, BUSINESS, AND CORRUPTION

17:00-17:15 329563 PERMEABILITY OF COMMON URBAN FEATURES TO THE MOVEMENTS OF FOREST SONGBIRDS

Erin McCreless, Chris Wilcox, Don Croll, Bernie Tershy, Sarah Horwath

Marie Anne Tremblay, Colleen Cassady St. Clair

17:15-17:30 365301 DRIVERS AND IMPACTS OF LAND-USE CHANGE IN THE MAASAI-STEPPE, TANZANIA

Fortunata Urban Msoffe, Shem C Kifugo, Mohammed Yahya Said, Moses Ole Neselle, Paul van

Gardingen, Robin Reid, Joseph O. Ogutu, Mario Herero,

17:30-17:45 314853 CONSERVING BIODIVERSITY THROUGH GLOBAL EFFORTS TO REDUCE CARBON EMISSIONS FROM DEFORESTATION

Oscar Venter, Wilson A. Kerrie, Takuya Iwamura, Richard Fuller, Hugh P. Possingham

17:45-18:00 315666 COEXTINCTION DYNAMICS IN CARNIVORE PARASITES

Nyeema Harris,Rob Dunn

18:00-18:30 DSA Award winner

Symposium:Forest Management and Wildlife Conservation from China and International Perspectives - Seeking Harmony of Wildlife Biodiversity and Human Demands for Forest Resources, 68456

Organised by: Yong Wang

Meeting room:77

Forest managements affect habitat suitability of wildlife species. There exists heightened concern for wildlife biodiversity conservation by resource managers and conservationists worldwide, and it is a foundation principle of ecologically sustainable forestry. Meeting both human and wildlife goals is a challenge for forest management because forests support approximately 65% of the world's terrestrial taxa. Forests are the most species-rich environments on the planet for many wildlife groups. China faces similar and unique challenges

in forest resources management and wildlife biodiversity conservation. Suitable forest habitats for wildlife are declining. Wildlife species are probably more severely affected by human-induced environmental and habitat changes in China because of large population and rapid economic development. While forests cover 30 million ha (17% land area, ranked 122), China has had one of the highest rates of forest depletion over the past 50 years. China is among the countries with the greatest number of threatened birds and mammals. Forest exploitation and monoculture have lead to adverse consequence including loss of wildlife biodiversity. The objectives of this symposium are to provide an opportunity for forest and wildlife researchers from China and international to examine issues related to forest management practices, discuss the impact and importance of these practices to wildlife biodiversity, and share collaboration ideas for sustainable forest resource management for wildlife conservation.

14:00-14:15 An overview of the symposium

Yong Wang

14:15-14:30 Managing forests for wildlife and people: an historical perspective

Malcolm L. Hunter

14:30-14:45 Forest management and wildlife biodiversity in China: past, present, and future

Guofan Shao

14:45-15:00 Sustainable forest management practices and conservation of wildlife biodiversity in USA: past, present, and future.

Callie Schweitzer

15:00-15:15 The effect of selecttive logging on the habitat use and selection of Wapiti (Cervus elaphus xanthopygus) in the Wanda Mountains, Northeast China

Minghai Zhang

15:15-15:30 Response of herpetofaunal community to oak-hickory hardwood forest regenerate management practices: lessons learned

Zachary Felix

15:30-15:45 Habitat use of Reeves's Pheasant (Syrmaticus reevesii) in the protected areas created from forest farms in the Dabie Mountains, central China

Jiliang Xu

15:45-16:00 Impacts of management and environment factors on of bird communities in forest- grassland ecotone in East Asia

Kun Shi

16:00-16:15 Forest management and wildlife conservation in a rapidly changing world – a 25-year lesson in

a 350 year journey

David Lindenmayer

Symposium: Combining Local and Scientific Knowledge to Monitor Central Asia's Ungulates, 66461

Organised by: Navinder Jeet Singh, E.J. Milner-Gulland

Meeting room:87

Central Asia's rangelands and mountains are strongholds for several endemic ungulates. Little is known about

the ecology of these species due to the region's remoteness and the isolation experienced by most of the

countries during Soviet times. Hunting, habitat modification, increased livestock grazing and development are

major current threats (Berger et al 2008; Bhatnagar et al. 2006; Robinson & Milner-Gulland 2003; Singh 2008).

There is an urgent need for better monitoring to identify the size, distribution and dynamics of these

populations if we are to deal effectively with these threats. The feasibility of standard scientific monitoring is

greatly influenced by the remoteness of the region, low capacity and financial constraints. This is true both for

species inhabiting inaccessible mountain terrain (e.g. argali) and those which are migratory over very large

areas of rangeland (e.g. Mongolian gazelle, saiga).

Participatory monitoring involving local people is a practical approach to obtaining the necessary information

that has been well tested elsewhere (Danielsen et al. 2005). Involving local people in monitoring and

conservation of species also leads to a sense of ownership and engagement in resource management that has

so far been lacking in these regions. However, further challenges in implementation include how best to

structure incentives for involvement in monitoring when the animals are not continuously present in a

monitor's local area, and when the monitors may well currently be illegal resource users.

14:00-16:00

Disturbance ecology

Moderator:

Meeting-room:88

14:00-14:15 315673 AMPHIBIAN AND REPTILE RESPONSE TO THINNING AND BURNING IN

PINE-HARDWOOD FORESTS OF ALABAMA, U.S.A.

William Bradley Sutton, Yong Wang, Callie Schweitzer

14:15-14:30 315321 ANTHROPOGENIC CHANGE IN THE TERRESTRIAL HABITATS OF THE GALAPAGOS ARCHIPELAGO

James Edward Maxwell Watson

14:30-14:45 369069 CRAYFISH, COMPETITION AND COEXISTENCE: EXPLORING

AGGRESSION AND SHELTER COMPETITION IN A NATIVE-INVASIVE CRAYFISH

ASSEMBLAGE

Brett Alan Hanshew

14:45-15:00 309955 SYNERGISTIC IMPACTS OF LAND-USE, CLIMATE CHANGE AND

RESOURCE AVAILABILITY ON ANDEAN BIODIVERSITY: A CASE STUDY OF DUNG

BEETLES

Trond Larsen

15:00-15:15 315115 HUMAN-LEOPARD CONFLICT IN THE DECCAN REGION OF KOPPAL, CENTRAL KARNATAKA, INDIA

Usham Somarendro Singh, Kartick Satyanarayan, Geeta Seshamani, Samad Kottur, Haobijam Meitei

15:15-15:30 315726 THE EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM BURNING REGIMES ON SAVANNA SPIDER ASSEMBLAGES

Bradley Neil Reynolds

15:30-15:45 367922 THE IMPACT OF OIL EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES ON CARNIVORE AND PRIMATE POPULATIONS IN THE NORTHERN PERUVIAN AMAZON

15:45-16:00 364906 AMPHIBIAN MICROCLIMATES, MASS AND ENERGY EXCHANGES IN FORESTRY TREATED HABITAT

Annette Sieg, James Robert Spotila, Michael O'Connor

Joseph Mark Kolowski, Alfonso Alonso

Conservation in hotspots

Moderator: Tony Whitten

Meeting-room:90

14:00-14:15 314770 ADVANCES IN WILD ORCHID CONSERVATION IN GUANGXI CHINA, A

GLOBAL ORCHID HOTSPOT

Hong Liu, Yi-Bo Luo, Dun Luo

- 14:15-14:30 314934 ALL HUMAN-WILDLIFE CONFLICTS OCCUR DUE TO WILDLIFE

 OVERABUNDANCE-A MISUNDERSTANDING IN HWC AREAS IN CHINA

 Yufang Gao
- **14:30-14:45** 367424 AN AMPHIBIAN HOTSPOT REVISITED DOES A FINER SCALE GIVE NEW ANSWERS?

Johannes Penner, Annika Hillers, Matthias Herkt, Jakob Fahr, Mark-Oliver Rödel

14:45-15:00 315149 EFFECTS OF HABITAT DISTURBANCE ON THE DIVERSITY OF

AMPHIBIANS AND BUTTERFLIES IN THE LOWLAND FOREST OF SINHARAJA MAB

RESERVE, SRI LANKA

Enoka Priyadarshani Kudavidanage, Chamitha D. de Alwis, Sarath S. Rajapakse, Sarath W. Kotagama

- 15:00-15:15 315556 FACILITATING THE PARTICIPATION OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IN

 PROTECTED AREA MANAGEMENT: THE AGTA IN THE NORTHERN SIERRA

 MADRE NATURAL PARK, THE PHILIPPINES

 Tessa Minter, Jan van der Ploeg
- 15:15-15:30 315314 EPOLAR BEAR HEARING SENSITIVTY: FUNDAMENTAL DATA ON PERCEPTION MAY ENHANCE ESTIMATES OF NOISE-DISTURBANC

 Megan Owen, Ann E. Bowles, Samuel L Denes, Jennifer L Keating, Stefanie K

 Graves, JoAnne Simerson, William Winhall
- **15:30-15:45** 306098 CAVES THE FORGOTTEN CONSERVATION HOTSPOTS OF ASIA Tony Whitten
- **15:45-16:00** 319299 PLANT ENDEMICITY ON HAINAN ISLAND: CONSERVATION CHALLENGES

Javier Francisco-Ortega, Zhong-Sheng Wang, Fu-Wu Xing, Faguo Wang, Hong Liu, Han Xu, Weixiang Xu, Yi-Bo Luo, David Boufford, Mike Maunder, Shuqing An

Protected area planning and design

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

14:00-14:15 308128 AQUATIC TOURISM PROMOTION AS AN ARSENAL IN CONSERVATION OF NIGERIAN PROTECTED AREAS: A CASE STUDY OF OLD OYO NATIONAL

PARK, NIGERIA

Samson Oluwagbemiga Ojo

14:15-14:30 306204 CENTRAL ASIAN STRICT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES AS A PART OF

GLOBAL SYSTEM OF PROTECTED AREAS

Irina Jashenko, Roman Jashenko

14:30-14:45 314953 POTENTIAL CHEMOSIGNALS IN THE ANOGENITAL GLAND SECRETION OF GIANT

PANDAS, AILUROPODA MELANOLEUCA, ASSOCIATED WITH SEX AND INDIVIDUAL IDENTITY

Dingzhen Liu, Jian-Xu Zhang, Sun Lixin, Rongping Wei, Guiquan Zhang, Honglin Wu,

Hemin Zhang, Chenghua Zhao

14:45-15:00 315185 CONSERVING KARST LANDSCAPES: EMPHASISING CULTURAL VALUES, BUILDING

LOCAL SUPPORT FOR CONSERVATION WHILE STRENGTHENING CULTURAL

CONSTRUCTIONS OF NATURE

Mark Infield, QUANG NGOC NGUYEN

15:00-15:15 377867 PRELIMINARY STUDY ON EDGE EFFECT OF FOREST ROAD IN DINGHUSHAN

Ting Zhou, Shao-lin PENG

15:15-15:30 315337 PHYLOGENETIC DIVERSITY ASSESSMENT OF AUSTRALIAN MARSUPIALS

Mayra Pereira de Melo Amboni, Shawn Laffan, Gerry Cassis

15:30-15:45

15:45-16:00

Symposium: Common Property, Biodiversity Conservation, and Climate Change, 69006

Organised by: David Barton Bray, Ashini Chhatre

Meeting room:77

Evidence accumulates that both strict protected areas and community tenure, i.e. multiple use commons with multi-scale governance, can be effective at reducing land cover change and biodiversity loss. Evidence that both can be effective in varying circumstances forces consideration of another socially desirable goal: poverty reduction. Meanwhile, climate change shuffles the habitat deck creating shifts in species distribution and abundance, with high extinction rates predicted with unchecked climate change. We examine interactions and comparisons between strict protected areas and multiple use commons institutions and poverty reduction and climate change mitigation and adaptation. We will analyze larger landscapes with varied tenure forms and their capacity to achieve biodiversity conservation and sustainable livelihoods in the context of

global climate change. Despite mounting evidence of no panaceas on an increasingly flat, hot, and crowded planet, strict protected areas are still the main institutional mechanism for biodiversity conservation globally. But many protected areas have human habitation, and democratization and development do not favor continued expansion of exclusionary institutions. Papers will examine theory and evidence from global comparisons and many world regions on an institutional architecture that may integrate protected areas and multiple use commons at larger spatial and altitudinal scales for improved governance of biodiversity conservation and sustainable livelihoods. This symposium is organized by the International Association for the Study of the Commons (IASC) and the Social Science Working Group (SSWG) of the SCB.

16:30-16:45 COMMUNITY PROTECTED AREAS, BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION, AND CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION IN MEXICO

David Barton Bray, Elvira Duran

16:45-17:00 POTENTIALS AND CONSTRAINTS TO CARBON TRADING IN CHINESE COLLECTIVE FORESTS

Jianchu Xu, Andreas Wilkes, Timm Tennigkeit

17:00-17:15 FOREST INSTITUTIONAL MOSAICS, BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION, AND SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS IN HUMAN-DOMINATED TROPICAL LANDSCAPES

Lauren Persha, Ashwini Chhatre, Arun Agrawal, Edwin Castellanos, Rucha Gate

17:15-17:30 FOREST COMMONS AT THE INTERSECTION OF LIVELIHOODS, BIODIVERSITY, AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Ashwini Chhatre

17:30-17:45 CONSERVATION PARADIGMS AND FOREST CHANGE: THE ROLE OF POPULATION,< AFFLUENCE AND INSTITUTIONS

Harini Nagendra, Elinor Ostrom

17:45-18:30 Discussion

Population dynamics

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

16:30-16:45 315422 CONSERVATION IMPLICATIONS OF HABITAT USE BY THE HONG KONG NEWT,

PARAMESOTRITON HONGKONGENSIS

Wing Kan Fu, David Dudgeon, Nancy E Karraker

16:45-17:00 314979 EFFECTS OF HABITAT FRAGMENTATION ON PLANT DIVERSITY AND DYNAMICS IN

THE SUBTROPICAL EVERGREEN BROAD-LEAVED FORESTS OF YUNNAN, SW CHINA Cindy Q. Tang

17:00-17:15 315016 GROWTH PARAMETERS OF ICELAND SCALLOP (CHLAMYS ISLANDICA) IN GILBERT BAY, LABRADOR, A MARINE PROTECTED AREA

Shanshan Liu, Joseph Wroblewski, Raymond Thompson

17:15-17:30 308145 COMPETITON AND COEXISTENCE OF SYMPATRIC PRZEWALSKI'S GAZELLE AND TIBETAN GAZELLE

Zhongqiu Li, Zhigang Jiang

17:30-17:45 319465 ESTIMATING SNOW LEOPARD (UNCIA UNCIA) POPULATIONS IN THE NEPAL HIMALAYA

Rinjan Shrestha, Eric Wikramanayake, Kamal Thapa, Gokarna Jung Thapa, Narendra Man Babu Pradhan

17:45-18:00 366858 SYNCHRONY BETWEEN MINK AND MUSKRAT FUR RETURNS IN CANADA

Catherine J. Shier, Mark S. Boyce

18:00-18:15 315681 LONG-TERM AVIFAUNA CHANGES: FIRE OR CLIMATE CHANGE? Eduardo Gallo Cajiao, Graham H. Pyke, Culum Brown

18:15-18:30 315584 CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS ON THE ELK-ASPEN INTERACTION IN YELLOWSTONE,

AND WHAT WE CAN DO ABOUT THEM

Jedediah Brodie

Forest conservation

Moderator: David Flaspohler

Meeting-room:88

16:30-16:45 314966 ATTRACTING EFFECTIVENESS OF ARTIFICIAL NEST-CAVITY TO DENDROCOPOS MAJOR IN POPLAR SHELTER PLANTATION AND ITS IMPLICATION FOR WOOD BORERS MANAGEMENT

Tao WAN, Junbao WEN

16:45-17:00 310119 CONSERVING LEOPARDS IN GIR LION SANCTUARY, INDIA

Usham Somarendro Singh, Jamal Ahmad Khan, Sharad Kumar, Bharat J. Pathak, B P Singh

17:00-17:15 306100 HUMAN PRESSURE ON THE DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION OF RED PANDA

(AILURUS FULGENS) IN DHORPATAN HUNTING RESERVE, NEPAL

Ram Nath kandel

17:15-17:30 305770 MOVEMENTS OF NEOTROPICAL UNDERSTORY PASSERINES IN FRAGMENTED FORESTS OF THE BRAZILIAN ATLANTIC RAINFOREST

Miriam Melanie Hansbauer

- 17:30-17:45 365285 HABITAT PREFERENCE, REGENERATION PATTERN AND REPRODUCTIVE STRATEGY OF RELICT PLANT EMMENOPTERYS HENRYI OLIV. ON MT. TIANMU, EAST CHINA Shang kankan, Song kun, Kang minming, Da Liangjun
- 17:45-18:00 314929 LONG-TERM EFFECTS OF FRAGMENTATION AND FRAGMENT SIZE ON BIRD SPECIES RICHNESS IN HAWAIIAN FORESTS NATURALLY FRAGMENTED BY LAVA FLOWS

 David Flaspohler
- 18:00-18:15 317768 CONSERVATION STATUS OF OKAPI IN VIRUNGA NATIONAL PARK,
 DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO
 Stuart C Nixon, Thierry Lusenge, Noelle Francesca Kumpel
- 18:15-18:30 314983 COMMUNITY-WIDE PATTERNS OF SEED DISPERSAL IN A DRY TROPICAL FOREST

 AT MUDUMALAI, SOUTHERN INDIA

 Soumya Prasad, RAMAN SUKUMAR

Ecology restoration

Moderator: Philip Nyhus

Meeting-room:90

16:30-16:45 315430 HOW TO SUCCEED IN THE RESTORATION OF PLANT POPULATIONS THREATENED WITH EXTINCTION ?

Nathalie Machon, Monika Zavodna, Matamoro Alexis, Olivier Gargominy

16:45-17:00 315703 COMMUNITY-BASED CONSERVATION, ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION

AND ECOTOURISM AT KUYUCUK LAKE, EASTERN TURKEY

Cagan H Sekercioglu, Sean Anderson, Mehmet A Kirpik, Emrah Coban, Onder Cirik, Sedat Inak, Yakup Sasmaz

17:00-17:15 315130 OPRAH: OPTIMAL RESTORATION OF ALTERED HABITATS

Mark R. Lethbridge, Nicholas J. Souter, Michael I Westphal, Hugh P.

Possingham

17:15-17:30 366505 POPULATION STATUS AND DISTRIBUTION OF GHARIAL (GAVIALIS GANGETICUS)
IN NEPAL

Madhav Khadka, Hemanta Kafley

17:30-17:45 365295 PHOTOSYNTHESIS, GROWTH ADN FOLIAR HERBIVORY OF FOUR ARDISIA SPECIES

(MYRSINACEAE):AN INTERPRETATIVE ANALYSIS OF INVASION BY A. ELLIPTICA

Jin Zhao, Jin Chen

17:45-18:00 315116 SURVIVAL AND BREEDING SUCCESS OF THE CRITICALLY ENDANGERED

MALHERB'S PARAKEET (CYANORAMPHUS MALHERBI) ON MAUD ISLAND, NEW ZEALAND

Luis Ortiz-Catedral, Dianne Brunton, Mark E. Hauber

18:00-18:15 364682 RESTORING WILD SOUTH CHINA TIGERS: IMPLICATIONS FOR LARGE CARNIVORE CONSERVATION IN ASIA

Philip Nyhus, Ron Tilson, Jeff Robert Muntifering, Tom Dahmer, Lu Jun, Qing Cao, Courtney Larson, Jeff Carroll

18:15-18:30 365682 RESTORATION OF A DEGRADED RAIN FOREST USING THE RED-RUFFED LEMUR (VARECIA RUBRA)

Barbara Martinez, Onja Razafindratsima

Freshwater conservation

Moderator: Bambi Semroc

Meeting-room:92

16:30-16:45 315426 A SPATIAL ASSESSMENT OF FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEMS AND WATER SUPPLY IN A SEMI-ARID ENVIRONMENT

Lindie Babara Smith-Adao, Jeanne Nel, David le Maitre, Ashton Maherry, Ernst Swartz

16:45-17:00 314694 EVALUATING RECREATIONAL FISHERIES FOR AN ENDANGERED SPECIES: A CASE STUDY OF TAIMEN, HUCHO TAIMEN, IN MONGOLIA

Olaf Jensen, David Gilroy, Zeb Hogan, Brant Allen, Tom Hrabik, Brian Weidel, Sudeep Chandra,
Jake Vander Zanden

17:00-17:15 315247 INFORMING CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY STRATEGIES FOR ENDANGERED LARGE RIVER FISHES; THE RAZORBACK SUCKER XYRAUCHEN TEXANUS IN LAKE MEAD, USA Jon C Sjoberg, Brandon Albrecht, Ron Kegerries, Paul B Holden

17:15-17:30 315728 REQUIEM FOR THE YANGTZE RIVER DOLPHIN: SHIFTING BASELINES, FLAGSHIP SPECIES AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES IN THE YANGTZE

Samuel Turvey, Leigh Barrett, Yujiang Hao, Kaiya Zhou, Ding Wang

17:30-17:45 315521 COFFEE, CONSERVATION AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT: RESULTS AND LESSONS LEARNED FROM IMPLEMENTING ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL STANDARDS FOR COFFEE PURCHASING

Bambi Semroc, Elizabeth Ann Baer

17:45-18:00

18:00-18:15

18:15-18:30

Wed 15 JUL 2009

Plenary Session: Mr. David B. Lindenmayer, Fenner School of Environment and Society, The Australian National

University

Chair: Mr.

Meeting-room:103-105

08:30-09:30

Title:Challenges for conservation in an age of scarcity – preventing wicked environmental problems becoming

diabolical ones

The remainder of this century could well be the most challenging one for humankind. Conservation science

during this time will become even more difficult than it was in the previous century. This presentation

outlines some of the key challenges that I perceive must be dealt with – and dealt with in sophisticated and

well articulated ways. One of these challenges is climate change. Not just dealing with rising temperatures

and other changes, but truly tackling already starkly apparent and underlying environmental problems that

have already been the overwhelming causes of biodiversity loss to date, and that will be magnified by future

climate change. Another challenge (related to the first) is that of bio-perversity - perverse environmental

outcomes arising overly narrow focus on a carbon economy. It is essential to use conservation biology

principles to prevent bio-perversity and also to articulate that simplistic linear solutions to problems may not

be good environmental solutions at all. A third challenge is to deal with some of the deep underlying flaws of

science culture itself such as ecological fads, "epidemics of busyness", and nature deficient disorder. The

challenges for the coming century will be immense. Conservation biologists must be heavily and very

positively involved in environmental debates and actions if we are to meet these challenges.

Symposium: Cost of Ensuring Biodiversity Security: Making the World Protected Areas Network Resilient to

Climate Change, 68238

Organised by: Rebecca Shaw

Meeting room:112

The ability of ecosystems to adapt naturally to climate change lies at the heart of the objectives of the United

Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). Biodiversity provides the raw material

necessary for the natural adaptation of ecosystems, and the UNFCCC thus places biodiversity security at a

level equivalent to energy, climate and food security. Biodiversity security can be defined as the variation of

ecosystems and species such that there is an unimpaired flow of ecosystem services under current and future

anticipated conditions. We have made significant investments in the conservation and management of this

biodiversity security and the resultant ecosystem services necessary for human well-being. These investments

are based on a static view of the world, while the world is changing. Changing climates are causing species

ranges to shift and are also affecting the dynamics of processes, thus changing levels of ecosystem service

supply. We need to adapt our existing management strategies to safeguard our biodiversity and ecosystem

service security in the face of climate change. In this symposium, we present the first global estimate of the

cost of ensuring biodiversity security in the face of climate change and use a suite of case studies from

Madagascar, Chile, South Africa and California, to assess the implications of climate change for biodiversity

security, the most effective adaptation strategies, the costs of adaptation; and mechanisms to finance these

costs.

10:00-12:00

Symposium: New Approaches to Monitoring Biodiversity,68432

Organised by: Richard Primack, Keping Ma

Meeting room:73

The theme of the session will be innovative approaches for monitoring biodiversity. Monitoring biodiversity

has been one of the central activities of conservation biology, allowing scientists to determine the health and

status of particular species, the composition and structure of biological communities, and critical ecosystem

processes. Past approaches are now being expanded in a number of new directions. For example, scientists

are currently developing networks of citizen scientists, in many cases linked by the Internet, both to gather

data over wide areas and to help educate the public about environmental issues. Scientists are also

developing long-term perspectives by seeking out historical and overlooked data sets to determine how

species composition has changed over time in specific places. Increasing concern for climate change also has

encouraged the joint analysis of monitoring data and climate data; in many cases the impact of climate

change can already be seen in changing phenology and abundance. The use of remote sensing, combined

with field studies, allows monitoring over wider areas than previously possible. Improving technology and

analysis allows monitoring of habitat degradation and loss with greater precision and at a finer scale. The final

approach that will be using a phylogenetic approach to determine if closely related species are responding in

a similar way to environmental threats, such as climate change, and can potentially be helped with similar

conservation measures.

10:00-12:00

5831, Symposium: Measuring Progress Towards Aachieving CBD Targets in the Lead up to 2010

Organised by: Jorn Scharlemann, Neil Burgess

Meeting room:77

The theme of SCB 2009 is reconciling the needs of a still rapidly-expanding human population with the imperative of conserving what remains of biodiversity. One of the most important policy mechanisms the

world has is the Convention of Biological Diversity (CBD) with its 191 parties. The CBD provides a framework

of agreed conservation targets to support biodiversity conservation, which are supposed to be completed by

the 10th Conference of the Parties in Tokyo in 2010. Protected area targets cover representation of

biodiversity within ecological regions, forests, islands, drylands, and mountains. How well are the world's

nations doing at meeting these targets and can we already predict which targets will be met, and which will

be not? Moreover, can we already assess where conservation scientists might be able to assist with analyses

that will be needed for the CBD CoP 10 meeting? The aim of this symposium will be to present results of

recent analyses of progress towards different CBD targets, undertaken by UNEP-WCMC and a variety of

conservation NGOs including WWF, TNC, CI, and BirdLife. Work will focus on protected areas, but will also

encompass forest conservation and building a global network of protected sites of high biodiversity value.

10:00-10:15 Protected areas in 2008: status, coverage, and achievement of the 10% protected area target

Charles Besancon

10:15-10:30 Progress towards assessing the effectiveness of management of the worlds protected areas

Neil Burgess

10:30-10:45 Focus on forests: global status, protection and trends

Christine Schmitt

10:45-11:00 Focus on marine: marine protected areas in the coastal and high seas

Colleen Corrigan

Focus on birds: Important Bird Area gap analysis 11:00-11:15

Simba Chan

11:15-11:30 Protected Areas and the biodiversity target: gaps in the 2008 protected area network

Tom Brooks

11:30-11:45 Protected Areas as stores of global carbon: patterns and trends

Jorn Scharlemann

11:45-12:00 Panel discussion: What can conservation scientists do leading up to the 10th meeting of the

Conference of the Parties to the CBD in October 2010?

Symposium: Conservation Challenges on the Roof of the World,68381

Organised by: Andrew Smith

Meeting room: 87

The high alpine grasslands/steppe of the Tibetan plateau cover approximately one quarter the area of China.

Historically, the region has been characterized by a close relationship between wildlife and local pastoralists,

as the high meadows are not conducive to other forms of sustainable agriculture. The theme of the SCB

meeting is Harmony for Nature and Society; however, the current winds of change on the plateau more

closely represent a disharmony of nature and society. In the recent past the plateau has been transformed by

huge and well-funded public works projects -- fencing, construction of re-settlement villages and the

concomitant re-location of the region's pastoralists, poisoning of native species, etc., all generally in the name

of biodiversity conservation and sustainability. In contrast, the actual policy decisions to engage in these

activities lack a clear rationale and are based more on prejudice or convenience than evidence they will work;

many appear counter-productive. This symposium is designed to review the current conservation and

biodiversity status of these high alpine grasslands, to show how contemporary conservation science can

approach the issues of biodiversity conservation and sustainability on the plateau, and to integrate this

approach with the cultural and social dimensions of the plateau's inhabitants - primarily the pastoralist

Tibetans who occupy this landscape. The participants are western scientists with vast experience working in

the region, Chinese scientists, and Tibetan specialists.

10:00-12:00

Biogeography

Moderator: Mariana Moncassim Vale

Meeting-room:113

10:00-10:15 320513 COMPARATIVE ECOLOGY OF TWO DAHOMEY GAP FOREST RELICS IN BENIN

(WEST-AFRICA) AND IMPLICATION FOR CONSERVATION

Méryas Dègbémabou KOUTON, Emeline Sessi Pelagie ASSEDE, Brice SINSIN

10:15-10:30 315626 ECO-FLORISTIC REGIONS AND DEFORESTATION THREATS IN SUMATRA: A NEW APPROACH TO IDENTIFY CONSERVATION NETWORK PRIORITIES

Yves Laumonier, Yumiko Uryu, Michael Stüwe, Arif Budiman, Setiabudi, Oki Hadian

10:30-10:45 315293 GLOBAL PATTERNS IN MARINE MAMMAL DISTRIBUTIONS: HOTSPOTS,

COLDSPOTS, AND THE IMPLICATIONS FOR CONSERVATION

Sandra Pompa Mansilla, Gerardo Ceballos González

10:45-11:00 315369 TOWARD A BIOREGIONAL STATE: GREEN CONSTITUTIONAL ENGINEERING IDEAS,

POLITICALLY INSTITUTIONALIZING CONSERVATION BIOLOGY (BOOK TALK)

Mark Whitaker

11:00-11:15 315424 UNRESOLVED DISCREPANCIES IN BIRD RICHNESS PATTERNS IN THE AMAZON

Mariana Moncassim Vale, Maria Lucia Lorini

11:15-11:30 315507 WHY INDIA HOLDS THE KEY TO TIGER RECOVERY

Uma Ramakrishnan, Samrat Mondol, Ullas Karanth

11:30-11:45 315214 NEW RECORD OF CHINESE BAT, HARRISON'S TUBE-NOSED BAT MURINA

HARRISONI (CHIROPTERA) AND ITS KARYOLOGY

11:45-12:00 320504 ENDEMICITY OF BIRDS IN CHINA BY PARSIMONY ANALYSIS

Fumin Lei

Alien and invasive species

Moderator: Guiming Wang

Yi Wu

Meeting-room:90

10:00-10:15 315084 DRY WEATHER INDUCES HUMAN WEST NILE VIRUS OUTBREAKS

Guiming Wang, Jerrold L. Belant

10:15-10:30 365324 FIELD EVALUATION OF GONACON FOR REDUCING FECUNDITY IN GRAY SQUIRRELS IN URBAN AREAS

Murali Pai, Greg Keith Yarrow

10:30-10:45 314976 UTILIZING LANTANA CAMARA TO RESTORE NATIVE BIODIVERSITY AND ENHANCE
THE LIVELIHOOD OF THE FOREST FRINGE COMMUNITIES IN THE WESTERN GHATS, INDIA

Ramesh Kannan, Gladwin Joseph, Uma Shaanker, Kamal Bawa

10:45-11:00 320536 INVASIVE PLANTS DISTRIBUTION PATTERN AND ASSOCIATION IN THE SOUTHERN U.S.

Songlin Fei, Ningning Kong

11:00-11:15 368274 RESOURCE OVERLAP AND POTENTIAL COMPETITION BETWEEN INVASIVE RED-EARED SLIDER TURTLES AND NATIVE RED-BELLIED TURTLES IN PENNSYLVANIA, U.S.A. Steven Pearson, Harold Weeks Avery

11:15-11:30

11:30-11:45

11:45-12:00

Marine conservation

Moderator: Robbin Elizabeth Peach

Meeting-room:92

10:00-10:15 315064 FUNCTIONAL LOSS OF CARIBBEAN REEFS: IMPACTS OF CORAL DECLINE FOR REEF

ARCHITECTURE

Lorenzo Alvarez-Filip, Nicholas K Dulvy, Jennifer Agnes Gill, Isabelle M Côté, Andrew R Watkinson

10:15-10:30 315194 GOVERN ANCE OF MARINE PROTECTED AREAS IN CHINA Wanfei Qiu, Peter JS Jones

10:30-10:45 366495 HOW INVADING SPECIES AVOID INFECTION: PARASITES AND IMMUNOCOMPETENCE IN THE GREEN CRAB CARCINUS MAENAS

Claudia M. Zetlmeisl, Trevor Petney, Horst F. Taraschewski

10:45-11:00 306989 RAPID AND PRECISE UNDERWATER ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENT ALONG THE EASTERN PACIFIC MARINE BIOLOGICAL CORRIDOR

Luis Camilli

11:00-11:15 366622 SEA-USE MANAGEMENT: A TOOL FOR CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Robbin Elizabeth Peach

11:15-11:30 319607 CHICKENFEED: FISHING FOR SCRAPS IN AN UNCERTAIN SEA

Aaron Savio Lobo, Andrea Manica, Andrew Balmford, Rohan Arthur

11:30-11:45 315091 SPATIAL ZONING FOR FISHING AND MARINE CONSERVATION: A CASE STUDY FROM

CALIFORNIA

Carissa Joy Klein, Charles Steinback, Matthew Watts, Astrid Scholz, Hugh P. Possingham

11:45-12:00

Symposium: Conserving Southeast Asia's Imperiled Biodiversity - Scientific, Management, and Policy

Challenges, 66450

Organised by: Lian Pin Koh

Meeting room:112

Southeast Asia was almost entirely covered by rainforest 8,000 years ago. Today, this region is experiencing

the highest relative rates of deforestation and forest degradation in the humid tropics. Every year, an

estimated 15.4 million ha of tropical forest is destroyed, with an additional 5.6 million ha being degraded. If

deforestation were to continue at the current rate, Southeast Asia could lose 13-42% of regional populations

of all species by the turn of the next century, at least 50% of which could represent global species extinction,

given the high concentration of endemic species in the region. In this symposium, we will discuss the drivers

of forest destruction (logging, industrial agriculture, invasive species, climate change, and fire), threats to the

region's unique ecosystems and taxa (limestone karst, peatswamp forest, and large mammals), and key

conservation challenges (importance of secondary forests, challenges for forest restoration, socioeconomic

and legislative challenges, and challenges for carbon payment schemes) to provide a comprehensive review of

the science, management and policy issues concerning biodiversity conservation in Southeast Asia. SCB 2009

in Beijing, with its theme "Conservation: Harmony for Nature and Society" provides the perfect opportunity

to highlight the need for a multi-pronged strategy requiring all major stakeholders to work together to

achieve the ultimate goal of reconciling biodiversity conservation and human well-being in the region.

14:00-14:15 BIOGEOGRAPHY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA

David S. Woodruff, University of California San Diego

14:15-14:30 THE VALUE OF LOGGED TROPICAL FORESTS: LESSONS FROM NORTHERN BORNEO

Keith Hamer, University of Leeds

14:30-14:45 IS OIL PALM THE BIGGEST THREAT TO SOUTHEAST ASIA'S BIODIVERSITY?

Lian Pin Koh, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH Zurich); David Wilcove, Princeton

University

IMPACTS OF INVASIVE SPECIES IN SOUTHEAST ASIA 14:45-15:00

Richard T Corlett, National University of Singapore

15:00-15:15 BIOMASS FIRES, HUMANS AND CLIMATE CHANGE IN INTER-TROPICAL SOUTH EAST ASIA

David Mark Taylor, Trinity College University of Dublin

15:15-15:30 TRIO UNDER THREAT: IS THERE HOPE FOR RHINOS, ELEPHANTS AND TIGERS IN MALAYSIA?

Reuben Clements, WWF-Malaysia; John Payne, WWF-Malaysia

15:30-15:45 IMPOSING GOVERNMENTALITY AND LIMITING LIVELIHOODS: THE EFFECTS OF CREATING A

'CONSERVATION SUBDISTRICT' IN THE LORE LINDU NATIONAL PARK, INDONESIA

Gregory Lawrence Acciaioli, The University of Western Australia

15:45-16:00 LOOKING BEYOND: CONSERVING SOUTHEAST ASIA'S IMPERILED BIODIVERSITY - SCIENTIFIC,

MANAGEMENT, AND POLICY CHALLENGES

Navjot S Sodhi, National University of Singapore; Lian Pin Koh, Swiss Federal Institute of

Technology (ETH Zurich)

Symposium: Balance, Harmony, Power: Evaluating Trade-offs in Resource Conservation, Conversion, and

Extraction in Protected Area, 68389

Organised by: Paul Hirsch

Meeting room: 73

This symposium brings together researchers from several countries who are partnering to develop conceptual and practical tools that address the issue of trade-offs between conservation and development. We are particularly interested in trade-offs that have been under-appreciated or under-communicated, such as those due to the multi-scalar nature of social and natural systems, and those due to disparities in values, perspectives, and power. Our exploration of trade-offs will be developed around a series of case studies involving either resource extraction (e.g. mining and hydrocarbons) or resource conversion (e.g. bio-fuels, oil palm production) activities taking place in and around critical protected areas. Following a conceptual overview, we will explore the ways in which trade-offs are treated in recent, pending, or historic decisions, and explore the extent to which disparities in scale, values, perspectives, and power might be reconciled through 1) mechanisms that strive for "balance" by placing an economic value on natural systems and

compensating those that protect or produce that value; 2) processes that seek "harmony" by promoting fairness and inclusivity in conservation and development decision-making and/or 3) the positioning of the issue within the public debate to involve a broader audience. Crucially, presenters will also explore the extent to which the influence of power (whether in overt or subtle forms) may cause even the most enlightened attempts at achieving either balance or harmony to be ineffective, manipulative, or counterproductive.

14:00-16:00

Mammal Conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:113

14:00-14:15 368708 THE EFFECT OF SELECTIVE LOGGING ON THE HABITAT USE AND SELECTION OF WAPITI (CERVUS ELAPHUS XANTHOPYGUS) IN THE WANDASHAN MOUNTAINS, NORTHEAST CHINA

Minghai Zhang, Changzhi Zhang, Yankuo Li

14:15-14:30 315653 PHYLOGENY, TAXONOMY AND DISTRIBUTION OF CRESTED GIBBONS (GENUS NOMASCUS) AND IMPLICATIONS FOR THEIR CONSERVATION

Thinh Van Ngoc, Christian Roos

14:30-14:45 315159 ECONOMIC COSTS OF LIVESTOCK DEPREDATION BY TIGER IN AND AROUND THE CORBETT TIGER RESERVE

Sharad Kumar, Jamal Ahmad Khan

14:45-15:00 315356 STATUS AND CONSERVATION OF SMALL CARNIVORES (MUSTELIDAE, VIVERRIDAE, PRIONODONTIDAE, HERPESTIDAE, FELIDAE) IN MONTANE TROPICAL FOREST OF NORTHERN LAOS

Arlyne Johnson, Chanthavy Vongkhamheng

- **15:00-15:15** 320490 QUIET LOSS: COULD PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS BE CONTRIBUTING TO GRADUAL DECLINE OF 'NON-THREATENED' VERTEBRATE SPECIES IN FRAGMENTED HABITATS?

 Christopher Perry Johnstone, Alan Lill, Richard Reina
- **15:15-15:30** 317837 ALTITUDINAL RANGING OF WESTERN BLACK CRESTED GIBBON IN WULIANG,
 YUNNAN: RESPONDANCE TO HUMAN DISTUBANCE IN LOWER ZONE AND FOOD SCARCITY
 IN HIGHER ZONE

Peng-Fei Fan, Xuelong Jiang

15:30-15:45 365184 DISTRIBUTION, ABUNDANCE AND CONSERVATION OF THD INDO-PACIFIC HUMPBACK DOLPHIN IN CHINA

Guang Yang, Bingyao Chen, Dongmei Zheng, Xinrong Xu, Kaiya Zhou

15:45-16:00 366660 LARGE AND FINE SCALE GENETIC CHARACTERIZATION OF JAGUARS (PANTHERA ONCA) THROUGHOUT THEIR RANGE

Cristina Pomilla, Bart J. Harmsen, Rebecca J. Foster, Allison Devlin, Cecilia Bartholomew, Carly H Vynne, Samia Carrillo-Percastegui, Leonardo Maffei, josé Moreira, Benoit de Thoisy, George Amato

urban area conservation

Moderator: Ric A How

Meeting-room:77

14:00-14:15 368049 COMPARISON OF ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE OF INSECT DIVERSITY ALONG AN URBANIZATION GRADIENT

Zhimin Su, Dingcheng Huang, Runzhi Zhang

14:15-14:30 315090 DEMISE OF FAUNA IN URBAN VEGETATION REMNANTS: PERTH, A CASE STUDY

IN A GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY HOTSPOT

Ric A How

14:30-14:45 314921 CHALLENGES AND GUIDELINES TO BRIDGE THE GAP OF HABITAT RESEARCH AND
REAL-WORLD INTEGRATION OF HABITATS IN URBAN LANDSCAPE BY PLANNING/DESIGN
Zhifang Wang

14:45-15:00 315440 IMPORTANCE OF TADPOLES TO STREAM COMMUNITIES IN TROPICAL ASIA Nancy E Karraker, David Dudgeon

15:00-15:15 314954 STUDY AND APPLICATION ON DISTRIBUTION OF MERCURY AND ARSENIC IN

TREE SPARROW IN WINTER IN MUDANJIANG

Yu Zhang

15:15-15:30 365121 TRACKING BIRDS MIGRATING AT NIGHT THROUGH AN URBAN-RURAL CORRIDOR

AND QUANTIFYING THE EFFECTS OF LIGHT AND NOISE POLLUTION

J Alan Clark, Rachel Bricklin

Recovery of endangered species

Moderator: Jon Davis

Meeting-room:87

14:00-14:15 365411 CONSERVATION BIOLOGY OF TANICHTHYS ALBONUBES
YI ZUSHENG

14:15-14:30 314999 CONSERVATION OF ENDANGERED ENGLISH YEW (TAXUS BACCATA L.)

POPULATIONS IN THE EASTERN ALPS

Amalesh Dhar, Harald Vacik, Bernhard Aigner, Gerald Oitzinger, Herwig Ruprecht, Raphael

Klumpp

14:30-14:45 314968 ESTIMATING TIGER ABUNDANCE IN THAILAND'S WESTERN FOREST COMPLEX AS
GLOBALLY IMPORTANT LANDSCAPE FOR RECOVERY OF INDOCHINESE TIGER POPULATIONS
Somphot Duangchantrasiri, Saksit Simcharoen, Anak Pattanavibool, Mayuree Umponjan, Ullas
Karanth

14:45-15:00 315376 ASSESSING AMPHIBIAN MARKING TECHNIQUES IN RECENT TOAD METAMORPHS:

RELIABILITY, EFFECTS ON SURVIVORSHIP AND PHYSIOLOGY, AND CONSERVATION

IMPLICATIONS

Jon Davis, Stephanie Cassel, Andy Kouba

15:00-15:15 366499 COMPLEX EX SITU - IN SITU APPROACH FOR CONSERVATION OF ENDANGERED PLANT SPECIES AND ITS APPLICATION TO IRIS ATROFUSCA OF THE NORTHERN NEGEV Sergei Volis, Michael Blecher, Yuval Sapir

15:15-15:30 315344 MANAGEMENT PRIORITIES FOR 700 OF NEW ZEALAND'S MOST THREATENED SPECIES: COST-EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSIS AND STOCHASTIC LEAGUE TABLES

Liana Nicole Joseph, Richard Maloney, Hugh P. Possingham,

15:30-15:45 315188 FATAL ATTRACTION: RARE SPECIES IN THE SPOTLIGHT

Franck Courchamp

15:45-16:00

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

- **14:00-14:15** 315397 COMPENSATORY MITIGATION FOR WETLAND LOSSES: PRACTICAL LESSONS Ron Abrams
- 14:15-14:30 315182 ESTIMATING THE POPULATION SIZE AND DEMOGRAPHIC PARAMETERS OF
 GREATER WHITE-FRONTED GEESE WINTERING IN JAPAN
 Sachiko Moriguchi, Tatsuya Amano, Katsumi Ushiyama, Go Fujita, Hiroyoshi Higuchi
- 14:30-14:45 305762 RESTORATION AND MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES OF WETLANDS OF WORLD FAMOUS KAZIRANGA NATIONAL PARK, ASSAM (INDIA)

 ARUP KUMAR HAZARIKA, Amalesh Dutta,
- 14:45-15:00 329643 STATUS, DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION OF FRESHWATER TURTLES OF SINDH PROVINCE, PAKISTAN
- **15:00-15:15** 329637 THE ECOLOGICAL SENSITIVITY EVALUATION IN YELLOW RIVER DELT NATIONAL NATURAL RESERVER

Song Xiaolong, Li Xiaowen, Bai Junhong, Li Cong, Zheng Yu

Muhammad Zaheer Khan, Zaheer Muhammad Khan

- **15:15-15:30** 366342 HOODED CRANE BREEDING POPULATION AND THEIR CONSERVATION IN CHINA Guo Yumin, Jiao Shengwu, Wang Fupeng, Gu Yanchang, Liu Baocai
- 15:30-15:45 315019 BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION PROJECT OF THE MARIN PARK OF MANGROVES

 IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

 Patrick KONGO KIPALU
- **15:45-16:00** 365291 DISCOVERY OF MIGRATION HABITAT AND ROUTES OF WILD BIRD SPECIES

 Tang Mingjie, Cui Peng, Wang weihang

Community-driven conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

14:00-14:15 314957 ASSESSING FARMERS AND FOREST WATCHERS EFFORTS IN MITIGATION OF HUMAN-ELEPHANT CONFLICT IN SOUTHERN INDIA

Kumaran Surendra Varma, Vijay Dhinakaran Anand, Ashok Kumar K, Gopalakrishna S P

14:15-14:30 306649 CUSTOMARY FOREST TENURE IN SOUTHERN MADAGASCAR: A CONTRIBUTION

TO BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION BUT INCOMPATIBLE WITH CONTEMPORARY

CONSERVATION POLICY

Hugh Barry Ferguson

- 14:30-14:45 308030 FOREST QUALITY AND ROLE OF INSTITUTION IN A TROPICAL FOREST: A CASE STUDY ON BICHHABHANGA FOREST AREA, GARUMARA NATIONAL PARK, WEST BENGAL Sampa Sarkar, Animesh Sarkar
- 14:45-15:00 305913 TRADTIONAL FOREST-BEEKEEPING ARRANGEMENT: A SUCCESSFUL FOREST

 CONSERVATION STRATEGY IN SOUTHWEST ETHIOPIA

 Tefera Belay Endalamaw, Freerk Wiersum
- 15:00-15:15 303455 TRIBAL COMMUNITY DEER SANCTUARY IN KIMANGKIL MOUNTAINS

 Gliceto Olarte Dagondon
- 15:15-15:30 320344 DIRECT PAYMENTS FOR BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION:

 COMPARISON OF THREE SCHEMES FROM CAMBODIA

 Thomas John Clements
- 15:30-15:45 307084 ASSESSING THE EFFICACY OF CHILLI-TOBACCO REPELLENT ON
 ASIAN ELEPHANTS IN HIGH HUMAN-ELEPHANT CONFLICT REGION OF
 SOUTHERN INDIA

Vijay Dhinakaran Anand, Surendra Varma, Gopalakrishna SP

15:45-16:00

Thus 16 JUL 2009

Plenary Session: Mr.

Chair: Mr.

Meeting-room:103-105

08:30-09:30

Title:

Symposium: Long Distance Wildlife Migrations in Asia: Understanding and Conserving these Spectacular

Ecological Processes , 68302

Organised by: Amanda Elizabeth Fine, Lisa Hickey

Meeting room:77

The grasslands, seas, high plateaus and mountains of Asia support some of the world's last spectacular long

distance migrations of wildlife. The "harmony of nature and society" or the way we (citizens, scientists,

conservationists, and local governments) work to balance the development of these regions with the

conservation of the habitats that support the ecological processes of migration is one of the greatest

challenges of our time. There is little global awareness of the occurrence of these spectacular Asian

migrations and our understanding of the processes which drive and support them is limited. It is critical to

understand all aspects of the patterns of these migrations and investigate what drives the changes (climate

change, habitat fragmentation or resource availability?) observed over time. The very nature of long distance

migrations inevitably means that wildlife will cross jurisdictional and geo-political boundaries in search of the

resources necessary for their survival. It is critical for us as conservation scientists to collect and share the

information necessary to inform management policy that will insure the protection of key resources that

support these migrations. Collectively we are obliged to offer creative solutions to the conflicts between

"nature and society" that threaten the harmony of these processes and our world.

10:00-12:00

Symposium: Making Ecosystem Services Count: Real-world Progress from Africa, 67956

Organised by: Andrew Balmford, Neil Burgess, Brendan Fisher, Belinda Reyers

Meeting room:92

As the theme of SCB 2009 makes clear, reconciling the needs of a still rapidly-expanding human population with the imperative of conserving what remains of wild nature is perhaps mankind's most pressing challenge. One promising approach involves integrating the value of ecosystem services into mainstream decision-making. There has been much recent progress in developing concepts and frameworks for achieving this, but the practical application of these ideas remains limited by patchy understanding of how services are generated, a shortage of empirical data, and inexperience in engaging with relevant decision-makers. This Symposium will show how a raft of state-of-the-art projects working in Africa are together addressing these challenges. Beginning in Tanzania, talks will explain how a major programme in the Eastern Arc Mountains is building sophisticated models of seven key services; report progress on parameterising two of the most significant; illustrate the use of participatory scenario-building to explore the consequences of alternative development decisions and climate change; and explain how this work will inform REDD and other Tanzanian policy priorities. Real-world examples from South Africa will then quantify the impacts of land cover change on ecosystem services and human wellbeing in a semi-arid landscape, and set out bold new, national-scale initiatives already being implemented - one focused on commercial users paying for watershed restoration, and a second linking ecosystem restoration to large-scale poverty alleviation.

10:00-12:00

Symposium: Lessons Learned from the International Marine Conservation Congress and Future Directions

in Marine Conservation, 66566

Organised by: John Anthony Cigliano, Ellen Hines

Meeting room:88

The International Marine Conservation Congress (IMCC), the first stand-alone meeting of the Marine Section of the Society for Conservation Biology, is an interdisciplinary meeting that will engage natural and social scientists, managers, policy-makers, and the public. The congress will also serve as the 2nd International Marine Protected Areas Congress (IMPAC2). The goal of the IMCC is to put conservation science into practice through public and media outreach and the development of science-based deliverables that can be used to drive policy change and implementation. Themes to be addressed in the congress include global climate change, land-sea interface, ecosystem-based management, and poverty and globalization. The congress will also be organized by cross-cutting issues that encompass topics of global relevance and importance to marine conservation and relate to the major themes: marine protected areas, education, outreach and capacity

building, governance arrangements, fisheries and aquaculture, and economics. This symposium will report on the lessons learned from this congress and, through interactive discussions with symposium participants, identify gaps and future directions in marine conservation science and practice. Many of these issues are of critical importance to marine conservation in China and will be addressed during the presentations and discussions. Participants will be chosen from IMCC events and plenaries.

10:00-10:15 FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE

John A. Cigliano, Olaf Jensen

10:15-10:30 ECOSYSTEM-BASED MANAGEMENT

Dorothy Dick

10:30-10:45 MARINE PROTECTED AREAS: THOUGHTS FROM IMCC/IMPAC2

Amber Himes

10:45-11:00 POVERTY AND GLOBALIZATION AS GOVERNANCE CHALLENGES

Katheryn Patterson

11:00-11:15 GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE

Leslie Anne Cornick

11:15-12:00 Discussion

Invertebrate conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

10:00-10:15 306115 FIRE AND TERMITES IN A SOUTHERN AFRICAN SAVANNA: IS THERE A LONG-TERM RELATIONSHIP?

Andrew Byron Davies, Catherine Parr, Berndt Van Rensburg

10:15-10:30 315196 THE ALLEE EFFECTS IN INVASIVE ANT SPECIES

Gloria M. Luque

10:30-10:45 369317 THE INBREEDING HISTORY OF A POPULATION INFLUENCES MATING DECISIONS:

CASE STUDY IN BARK BEETLES

Daphna Gottlieb

10:45-11:00 315451 THE VALUE OF RARITY : A NEW THREAT FOR ANIMALS OF HOBBY COLLECTIONS

Pierline tournant, Koichi Goka, Franck Courchamp

11:00-11:15 305175 WILDLIFE RESERVE "AKSU-DZHABAGLY" AS A MAIN ELEMENT OF BIODIVERSITY

CONSERVATION IN WEST TIEN SHAN

Irina Jashenko, Roman Jashenko

11:15-11:30 315341 BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY STUDY OF BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATES IN JIANGSU SURFACE WATER

Yong Zhang

11:30-11:45

11:45-12:00

Conservation modeling

Moderator:

Meeting-room:73

10:00-10:15 315203 BIODIVERSITY, ARE WE MISSING SOMETHING? SPECIES DETECTABILITY AND EXTINCTION

David Lesford Roberts

10:15-10:30 306614 CONSIDERING THE INTERACTION BETWEEN CONNECTIVITY AND ANTHROPOGENIC THREATS IN DYNAMIC RESERVE DESIGN: THE NEIGHBOURHOOD VULNERABILITY APPROACH

Piero Visconti, ROBERT L PRESSEY, Daniel Segan, Matthew Watts

10:30-10:45 315097 HABITAT VULNERABILITY IN CONSERVATION PLANNING. WHEN DOES IT MATTER AND HOW MUCH?

Piero Visconti, ROBERT L PRESSEY, Daniel Segan

10:45-11:00 315222 HOW TO ADDRESS CONNECTIVITY FOR MULTIPLE SPECIES IN MULTIPLE LANDSCAPES: EXAMPLE FROM BIRDS OF THE ATLANTIC FOREST, BRAZIL

Guy Pe'er, Miriam Melanie Hansbauer, Klaus Henle, Cristina Banks-Leite, Alexandre Camargo

Martensen, Jean Paul Metzger, Karin Frank

11:00-11:15 315312 THE RETURN OF THE SAKER FALCON IN BULGARIA - A DREAM OR A CHALLENGE
THAT CAN BE ACHIEVED? AN EX-SITU PERSPECTIVE

Elena Kmetova, Dimitar Ragyov, Andrew Dixon

11:15-11:30 315266 SETTING CONSERVATION PRIORITIES FOR TROPICAL ANDEAN BUTTERFLIES
USING MUSEUM AND FIELDWORK DATA

BLANCA CECILIA HUERTAS HERNANDEZ, Keith Willmott

11:30-11:45

11:45-12:00

Scientists and managers: bridging the gap

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

10:00-10:15 306318 CHEMICAL COMMUNICATION IN PARROTS WITH A SPECIFIC EMPHASIS ON THE KAKAPO (STRIGOPS HABROPTILUS)

Anna Clarissa Gsell, Dianne Brunton

10:15-10:30 315593 INCORPORATING OUTREACH PRACTICE INTO ACADEMIC CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

Annette May Meredith

10:30-10:45 365279 INTEGRATING SCIENTIFIC METHODS WITH ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT FOR RECOVERY OF THE CRITICALLY ENDANGERED GRAND AND OTAGO SKINKS

James Thomas Reardon

10:45-11:00 310103 PROTECTING WILD TIGERS: DEVELOPING A RANGE-WIDE SITE-BASED APPROACH FOR MONITORING LAW ENFORCEMENT EFFECTIVENESS

Emma Jane Stokes, Saw Htun, Arlyne Johnson, Hannah O'Kelly, Anak Pattanavibool, Samantha Strindberg, Kevin Sallee

11:00-11:15 315407 HOW USEFUL IS PATROL DATA FOR MONITORING PATTERNS OF ILLEGAL RESOURCE USE?

Aidan Keane, Julia Jones, E.J. Milner-Gulland

11:15-11:30

11:30-11:45

11:45-12:00

Symposium: Restoration of Large River Ecological Functions for Biodiversity Conservation: Case Studies

from China and USA ,66525

Organised by: Robert Jacobson

Meeting room:73

Large rivers like the Yangtze, Mississippi, Missouri and Colorado are at the forefront of conservation because hydrological alteration and other human activities are known to be serious threats to the rich biodiversity in these freshwater ecosystems. While the issues on each river are unique, there has been a common trend towards restoring ecological functions as one way to conserve and restore freshwater biodiversity. This symposium will provide a platform for scientists from China and USA to share their research and management experiences from completed studies and to help design future experiments.

The proposed symposium will bring valuable lessons learned in the realm of adaptive management to the international audience. The speakers are respected, active experts of their respective rivers. Collectively, they bring successful stories of multi-disciplinary scientists (e.g., biologists, hydrologists, engineers) working together to solve a common problem. The societies of China and USA are substantially different in many aspects, including social structures, stages of economic development, and near-term national priorities, and their shared experiences will be of great interest to a broad audience.

- **14:00-14:20** A BLUEPRINT FOR BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION IN THE UPPER YANGTZE RIVER BASIN Longzhu Wang, Michael Heiner, Qian Yu, Xinhai Li, Ruidong Wu, Peng Zhao, Jing Bi
- 14:20-14:40 PROPAGATION AND RESTORATION OF FRESHWATER MUSSELS (BIVALVIA:UNIONIDAE) TO RECOVER THE BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY OF RIVERS IN THE UNITED STATES
- 14:40-15:00 ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE COLORADO RIVER IN GRAND CANYON: INTEGRATING SEDIMENT, FLOW AND TEMPERATURE MONITORING WITH MODELING AND FIELD EXPERIMENTS

Theodore Steven Melis

Dan Hua, Richard J. Neves,

15:00-15:20 DESIGN OF A NATURALIZED FLOW REGIME: AN EXAMPLE FROM THE LOWER MISSOURI RIVER, USA

Robert Jacobson, David Galat

15:20-15:40 BIOLOGICAL RESPONSES TO EXPERIMENTAL NON-FLOW TREATMENTS AND GLEN CANYON DAM RELEASES IN THE COLORADO RIVER, GRAND CANYON, ARIZONA, USA

Matthew Eric Andersen

15:40--16:00 Discussion

Fish Conservation	n
-------------------	---

Moderator:

Meeting-room:77

14:00-14:15 315465 ANTHROPOGENIC EFFECTS ON THE CONDITION OF INTRODUCED TILAPIAS IN UGANDAN CRATER LAKES

Jackson Efitre, Lauren Chapman, Debra J. Murie

14:15-14:30 315693 CONSERVATION STATUS OF BULGARIAN ICHTHYOFAUNA

Milena Nikolova Pavlova, Luchezar Zlatev Pehlivanov

14:30-14:45 315542 A PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ON THE STATUS OF PYGMY SEAHORSES (SYNGNATHIDAE) IN SABAH, MALAYSIA

Choo Chee Kuang, Yeong Yee Ling, Juanita Joseph, Orosco A Christine

14:45-15:00 315514 ARTISANAL SHARK FISHERIES OF THE INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS OF COMOROS

AND MAURITIUS: THEIR STATUS AND PRELIMINARY THREAT ASSESSMENT

Christopher Narinder Singh Poonian, Maoulida Kamal, Melissa Hauzer, James Beeharee, Paul Ivory

15:00-15:15 315371 CONSERVING PACIFIC SALMONIDS IN A CHANGING CLIMATE Doug Demko, Harmony Patricio

David D Huff, Loren Miller, Bruce Vondracek

15:15-15:30 329160 NATIVE FISH REINTRODUCTIONS: WHY IS THERE VARIATION IN PERSISTENCE AMONG ANCESTRAL GROUPS OF SLIMY SCULPINS?

15:30-15:45

15:45-16:00

Inventory and monitoring

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

14:00-14:15 315274 DETERMINANTS OF ROOST DYNAMICS AND ABANDONMENT OF 8 UK BAT SPECIES

Stephen David Gregory, Philip Briggs, Karen Haysom, Franck Courchamp

14:15-14:30 315398 DUGONG FEEDING PATTERNS, FOOD PREFERENCES AND PROSPECTS FOR CONSERVATION IN PULAI RIVER ESTUARY, MALAYSIA

14:30-14:45

14:45-15:00 310193 POPULATION STATUS OF WILD YAK (BOS MUTUS) IN THE ARJINSHAN NATURE RESERVE, XINJIANG CHINA

Paul Jason Buzzard, Huibin Zhang, Donghua Xu, *Howman Wong

15:00-15:15 314981 SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL BIAS IN BIODIVERSITY DATA

Elizabeth Boakes, Philip McGowan, Richard Fuller, Chang-Qing Ding, Natalie Clark, Kim

O'Connor, Georgina Mace

15:15-15:30 365911 IRRUPTIVE GROWTH OF REINTRODUCED ELK IN KENTUCKY: LOOMING MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION CHALLENGES

John Jobe Cox, Lauren Dahl, Karen Alexy, Willie Bowling, Songlin Fei, David Unger, David Maehr

15:30-15:45 315661 ANDEAN BEAR (TREMARCTOS ORNATUS) DIFFERENTIAL CONSUMPTION OF THE GIANT GROUND BROMELIAD (PUYA CLAVA-HERCULIS); IS THERE A NUTRITIONAL EXPLANATION?

Kristina Timmerman, Ellen Dierenfeld

15:45-16:00

Environmental politics and policy

Moderator:

Meeting-room:88

14:00-14:15 315443 AFGHANISTAN: CONSERVATION IN A COUNTRY IN CONFLICT

Peter Smallwood

14:15-14:30 306064 ASSESSING PROGRESS TOWARDS THE 2010 BIODIVERSITY TARGET: A

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK FOR DEVELOPING POLICY-RESPONSE INDICATORS

Neeraj Khera, Sebastian Winkler, Andras Krolopp

14:30-14:45 315563 BIODIVERSITY INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO-MECHANISMS FOR HARMONISING CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Kiruben Naicker

14:45-15:00 302732 BIOECONOMIC MODELLING OF FISHERY CONSERVATION POLICIES IN THE PHILIPPINES

Maria Rebecca Alviar Campos

15:00-15:15 367945 CONSERVATION REALISM: FAILURE, SUCCESS AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ECOSYSTEM AND BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION IN MEXICO.

Ernesto C. Enkerlin-Hoeflich

15:15-15:30 315136 THE ROLE OF SOCIAL POLLUTION IN DEPLETION OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND POVERTY ENHANCEMENT IN PAKISTAN

Abdullah Khan, Habib Ahmad

15:30-15:45 369296 BIO-ETHANOL IN MALAWI-PROSPECTS AND CHALLENGES FOR COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Mxolisi Sibanda, Enos Shumba

15:45-16:00

Community-driven conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

14:00-14:15 315519 POPULATION STATUS OF MYRISTICA DACTYLOIDES GAERTN. - THRETENED

TREE SPECIES IN SACRED FORESTS OF CENTRAL WESTERN GHATS

RAGHAVENDRA SHIVALINGAIAH

14:15-14:30 315068 EVALUATING INTEGRATED CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT: CONFLICT RESOLUTION AND MOUNTAIN GORILLA CONSERVATION AT BWINDI IMPENETRABLE NATIONAL PARK, UGANDA

Julia Baker, Nigel Leader-Williams, E.J. Milner-Gulland

14:30-14:45 315142 SUPPORTING CONSERVATION OF WETLANDS AREAS THROUGH COMMUNITY-BASED WASTE MANAGEMENT IN JAKARTA - AS A MODEL OF URBAN AREA
Enny Sudarmonowati, Hendra Aquan, Edy Sutrisno, Ady Kristanto

14:45-15:00 315620 INDIGENOUS KNOWLEDGE AS CONSERVATION SCIENCE: THE CASE OF KAM SWEET RICE VARIETIES IN GUIZHOU, CHINA

Jason Yu-Xiao Long

15:00-15:15 315156 TOURISM, LOCAL LIVELIHOOD AND CONSERVATION: A CASE STUDY IN INDIAN SUNDARBANS

INDRILA GUHA, Santadas Ghosh

15:45-16:00

Landuse planning for conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

14:00-14:15 315261 AN APPROACH FOR SETTING MINIMUM PROTECTED AREA SIZE IN SYSTEMATIC CONSERVATION ASSESSMENTS

Robert J Smith, Enrico Di Minin, Simon Linke, Daniel Segan, Hugh P. Possingham

14:15-14:30 306666 PATTERNS CROP-RAIDING BY ELEPHANTS IN BUXA-JALDAPARA, WEST BENGAL,INDIA

Mukti Roy

14:30-14:45 315378 POTENTIAL DISTRIBUTION AND CONSERVATION STATUS OF JAGUAR IN MÉXICO: IDENTIFYING PRIORITY AREAS FOR CONSERVATION

Clarita Rodríguez Soto, Monroy-Vilchis Octavio, Alessandra Falcucci, Luigi Maiorano, Luigi Boitani, Juan Carlos Faller, Miguel Briones

14:45-15:00 315526 STUDYING THE THREATS TO THE BIODIVERSITY OF GOLESTAN BIOSPHERE RESERVE, IRAN

Hamta - golkarian, Mohammad Mehdi - ahmadi

15:00-15:15 315046 TOWARDS RED LIST CRITERIA FOR THREATENED ECOSYSTEMS

Jon Paul Rodriguez, Kathryn M Rodriguez-Clark, Jonathan E M Baillie, Neville Ash, John Benson, Tim Boucher, Claire Brown, Neil Burgess, Ben Collen, Michael Jennings, David A Keith, Emily Nicholson, Carmen Revenga, Belinda Reyers, Mathieu Rouget, Tammy Smith, Mark Spalding, Andrew Taber, Matt Walpole, Irene Zager, Tara Zamin

15:15-15:30 315667 CATTLE BOS TAURUS-PRAIRIE DOGS CYNOMYS LUDOVICIANUS INTERACTIONS: NEW

WAYS TO RESTORE AND MAINTAIN ARID GRASSLANDS IN NORTHERN MEXICO

Rodrigo Sierra Corona, Gerardo Ceballos González, Ed Fredrickson, Rurik List

15:30-15:45

15:45-16:00

Moderator:

Meeting-room:73

16:30-16:45 315405 IMPACTS OF LANDSCAPE DISTURBANCE ON AVERAGE HABITAT SPECIALIZATION OF PLANT COMMUNITIES

Jean-Claude Abadie, Audrey Muratet, Nathalie Machon, Emmanuelle Porcher

16:45-17:00 315561 MODELING THE DISTRIBUTION OF SIBERIAN MARMOTS (MARMOTA SIBIRICA)

USING MAXENT, BOOSTED REGRESSIONS TREES, AND GAMS: FINDINGS AND

COMPARISONS

Karl Didier, Susan Townsend, Samantha Strindberg

17:00-17:15 364675 NON-RANDOM SEED DISPERSAL PATTERNS IN HETEROGENEOUS LANDSCAPES:

SPATIAL AND GENETIC CONSEQUENCES AT EARLY RECRUITMENT STAGES

CRISTINA GARCIA

17:15-17:30 303241 RANGING PATTERNS, PREDATION ECOLOGY AND DISPERSAL OF
RADIO-COLLARED TIGERS IN KANHA TIGER RESERVE, CENTRAL INDIA

Joseph Vattakaven, Yadavendradev Jhala

17:30-17:45 315433 SEED DISPERSAL BY MEGAHERBIVORES: ARE THERE GENERAL PATTERNS EMERGING FROM BODY MASS ALLOMETRIES?

Luis Santamaria, Asier R. Larrinaga, Javier Rodriguez-Perez, Ahimsa Campos-Arceiz,

17:45-18:00 314497 DUNG BEETLES ON FORESTED TROPICAL LAND-BRIDGE ISLANDS: COMMUNITY ASSEMBLY AND IDIOSYNCRASY

Lan Qie

18:00-18:15

18:15-18:30

Amphibian and reptile conservation

Moderator:

Meeting-room:77

16:30-16:45

16:45-17:00 315288 AN EVENING OF SONG: COMMUNITY MONITORING OF FROGS

Wendy Foster

17:00-17:15 315395 CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE IBERIAN PENINSULA IS A SERIOUS THREAT TO AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES

Silvia Carvalho, José Carlos Brito, Eduardo Crespo, Hugh P. Possingham

17:15-17:30 366880 ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS AFFECTING GAS EXCHANGE IN SEA TURTLE NESTS

Michael O'Connor, Shaya Honarvar, Paul R Sotherland, James Robert Spotila

17:30-17:45 314509 SOME ASPECTS OF ANURAN CONSERVATION IN A SOUTH AFRICAN LANDSCAPE

Mohlamatsane McDonald Mokhatla, Chris Chimimba, Berndt Van Rensburg

17:45-18:00 307718 REPRODUCTIVE MONITORING AND SEX IDENTIFICATION OF A MONOMORPHIC

NEW ZEALAND FROG USING URINARY HORMONE METABOLITES

Jennifer Germano, Frank Molinia, Phil Bishop, Ben D. Bell, Alison Cree

18:00-18:15

18:15-18:30

Environmental or ecological economics

Moderator:

Meeting-room:87

16:30-16:45 305639 BIODIVERSITY VALUATION OF PROTECTED AREAS: THE CASE OF BANYANG-MBO WILDLIFE SANCTUARY (BMWS), SWP, CAMEROON

Diangha Mercy Nambu

16:45-17:00 317821 GLOBAL CONSERVATION AND THE ALLEVIATION OF POVERTY
Will Turner, Katrina Brandon, Thomas Matthew Brooks, Holly Gibbs, Keith
Lawrence, Elizabeth Selig

17:00-17:15 365973 CLARIFYING THE OPPORTUNITY COST OF CONSERVATION- CONCEPTS AND APPLICATION FOR PRACTITIONERS

Patricia Zurita, Eduard Theodorus Niesten

17:15-17:30 315686 ECOLOGICAL ISSUES AND LOSS RISK OF COLD-RESISTANCE RUBBER GERMPLASM
BRED AND PLANTED IN XISHUANGBANNA

Yan-Ping CHEN, Zhao-lu WU

17:30-17:45 308000 DO EXOTIC LIVESTOCK BREEDS BRING HIGHER PRODUCTIVITY THAN

INDIGENOUS ONES IN SMALL HOUSEHOLDS IN ARID AND SEMI-ARID AREAS?

Yanbo Li, Wenjun Li, Mingming Fan

17:45-18:00 315216 AN ANALYSIS OF THE EFFECTS AND PROBLEMS OF ECOLOGICAL

MIGRATION POLICY

Mingming Fan, Wenjun Li

18:00-18:15 319061 SUSTAINABLE UTILIZATION OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES: A CASE STUDY OF THE

NORTHERN SLOPE OF TIANSHAN MOUNTAINS

Bo LI

18:15-18:30

Alien and invasive species

Moderator: Lucia Liu Severinghaus

Meeting-room:88

16:30-16:45 315723 THE ROLE OF SPECIES TRAITS IN THE ESTABLISHMENT SUCCESS OF EXOTIC BIRDS
Tim Blackburn, Phillip Cassey, Julie Lockwood

16:45-17:00 314786 THE IMPACT OF FRUIT FLY (TEPHRITIDAE) MANAGEMENT ON THE CONSERVATION OF ENDEMIC HAWAIIAN DROSOPHILIDAE DIVERSITY

LUC LEBLANC, DANIEL RUBINOFF, ROGER VARGAS

17:00-17:15 315367 SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF A NON-LETHAL FORM OF MANAGEMENT FOR INVASIVE VERTEBRATE PESTS IN AUSTRALIA

Tarnya Elizabeth Cox, Peter J Murray, Graham P Hall, Xiuhua Li

17:15-17:30 315334 ASSESSING ENVIRONMENTAL SUITABILITY FOR INVASIVE SPECIES USING STATISTICAL APPROACHES: A CASE STUDY ON BYTHOTREPHES LONGIMANUS IN ONTARIO LAKES CANADA

Lifei Wang

17:30-17:45 365319 EFFORTS AT CURBING RELIGIOUS ANIMAL RELEASE IN TAIWAN

Lucia Liu Severinghaus

17:45-18:00 315680 THE IMPACT OF THE TOTAL LOSS OF BIRDS ON SEED DISPERSAL IN THE FORESTS

OF GUAM

Haldre Rogers, Joshua J. Tewksbury, Janneke Hille Ris Lambers

18:00-18:15

18:15-18:30

Ecosystem/conservation area management

Moderator:

Meeting-room:90

16:30-16:45 314946 EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY IN PROTECTING SUMATRAN TIGERS

Matthew Linkie, Deborah J Martyr, Maryati Moechlisin, Rudjanta Nugraha

16:45-17:00 315466 PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF TIGER POPULATION STATUS IN THE GUNUNG
LEUSER NATIONAL PARK, NANGGROE ACEH DARUSSALAM AND NORTH SUMATRA,
INDONESIA

Hariyo Tabah Wibisono, Goddilla Viswanatha Reddy, Nick William Brickle, Noviar Andayani, Mohamad Tarmizi,

17:00-17:15

17:15-17:30 308066 PERCEPTIONS ON RANGE CONDITION CHANGES IN MAASAI COMMUNAL RANCHES AND THEIR IMPACT ON LIVELIHOODS AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION IN THE AMBOSELI ECOSYSTEM

John Warui Kiringe

17:30-17:45 315339 ABUNDANCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF PINK SPOT SYNDROME ON CORAL REEFS IN THAILAND AS AN INDICATOR OF REEF HEALTH

Makamas Sutthacheep, Thamasak - Yeemin, Chaipichit Saenghaisuk, Sitiporn Pengsakun

17:45-18:00 366653 MANAGEMENT OF SOIL TILLAGE IS THE KEY FOR A HIGHLY THREATENED ENDEMIC WEED, CENTAUREA TCHIHATCHEFFII FISCH. & MEY

Yasemin Erguner Baytok, Aysegul Yildirim, C. Can Bilgin, Mecit Vural

18:00-18:15 315172 ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY OF THE SIRAN RIVER CATCHMENT Habib Ahmad

Speed session Mammal conservation and Conservation modeling

Moderator:

Meeting-room:92

- 16:30-16:34 319868 PRESENCE OF A SECOND INVASIVE MONGOOSE IN THE FIJI ISLANDS

 Craig Gordon Morley, Marie-Lilith PATOU, Patricia McLENACHAN, Daniel Simberloff, Géraldine

 VERON
- **16:34-16:38** 366849 THE BLACK-FOOTED FERRET, ONCE THOUGHT EXTINCT, RETURNS TO THE WILD Pete Gober, Sarah M. Bexell
- 16:38-16:42 302662 BUMBLEBEE VULNERABILITY: COMMON CORRALATES OF WINNERS AND LOSERS

 ACROSS THREE CONTINENTS

 Sheila R Colla
- 16:42-16:46 315502 FIRE INFLUENCES HABITAT PREFERENCE OF THE 'VULNERABLE' FOUR-HORNED ANTELOPE (TETRACERUS QUADRICORNIS)
- 16:46-16:50 315362 RHINOLOPHOID BATS OF VIETNAM: TAXONOMY, ECHOLOCATION, AND CONSERVATION (MEGADERMATIDAE, RHINOLOPHIDAE, AND HIPPOSIDERIDAE)

 Vu Dinh Thong, Christian Dietz, Annette Denzinger, Paul J. J. Bates, Hans-Ulrich Schnitzler
- **16:50-16:54** 366832 MANAGING FOREST STAND STRUCTURES TO ENHANCE CONSERVATION OF THE AMUR TIGER IN NORTHEAST CHINA

Xuemei Han, Chadwick Dearing Oliver

Suresh Jones

16:54-16:58 315351 THE JAVAN RHINO IN VIETNAM (RHINOCEROS SONDAICUS ANNAMITICUS):LAST CHANCE OR TOO LATE?

Sarah Maria Brook, Hien Tran Minh

- 16:58-17:02 315251 THE DIET OF GIBBONS: HOW LIANAS INFLUENCE THEIR MENU DURING FOOD SCARCITY
 - CHANPEN WONGSRIPHUEK, WARREN YALDING BROCKELMAN
- 17:02-17:06 368309 BAT COMPONENTS IN THE DIET OF WINTERING LONG-EARED OWLS IN BEIJING CITY

BAO weidong, YUAN li

17:06-17:10 329223 GENETIC DIVERSITY OF FARM AND WILD MASKED PALM CIVET (PAGUMA LARVATA)

POPULATIONS IN CHINA

Jinping Chen

17:10-17:14 315126 BEING NAÏVE CAN LEAD TO MORE INFORMED STREAM REACH CLASSIFICATIONS: A

BAYESIAN METHOD TO GUIDE CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT

Stephanie Renee Januchowski, Jeremy J VanDerWal, ROBERT L PRESSEY, Richard G Pearson,

Brad Pusey

17:14-17:18

17:18-17:22

17:22-17:26

17:26-17:30

17:30-18:30 Interactive Discussion